### SECOND REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED] CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# **SENATE BILLS NOS. 681 & 662**

**101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

2022

4133S.14T

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 160.261, 160.2700, 160.2705, 161.097, 161.700, 162.261, 162.281, 162.291, 162.471, 162.481, 162.491, 162.720, 162.974, 163.016, 167.151, 167.225, 167.268, 167.640, 167.645, 168.021, 168.205, 168.500, 168.515, 170.014, 170.018, 170.047, 170.048, 171.033, 302.010, and 304.060, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof fifty new sections relating to elementary and secondary education, with an emergency clause for certain sections and an effective date for a certain section.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

	Section A. Sections 160.261, 160.2700, 160.2705, 161.097,
2	161.700, 162.261, 162.281, 162.291, 162.471, 162.481, 162.491,
3	162.720, 162.974, 163.016, 167.151, 167.225, 167.268, 167.640,
4	167.645, 168.021, 168.205, 168.500, 168.515, 170.014, 170.018,
5	170.047, 170.048, 171.033, 302.010, and 304.060, RSMo, are
6	repealed and fifty new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be
7	known as sections 160.077, 160.261, 160.560, 160.2700,
8	160.2705, 161.097, 161.214, 161.241, 161.380, 161.385, 161.700,
8 9	160.2705, 161.097, 161.214, 161.241, 161.380, 161.385, 161.700, 162.058, 162.084, 162.261, 162.281, 162.291, 162.471, 162.481,
9	162.058, 162.084, 162.261, 162.281, 162.291, 162.471, 162.481,

## **EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.**

170.036, 170.047, 170.048, 170.307, 171.033, 173.831, 173.1352,
14 178.694, 186.080, 302.010, and 304.060, to read as follows:

160.077. 1. This section shall be known and may be
2 cited as the "Get the Lead Out of School Drinking Water Act".

3 4 As used in this section, the following terms mean:
 (1) "Department", the Missouri department of health

5 and senior services;

6 (2) "Disadvantaged school district", any school 7 district that serves students from a county in which at 8 least twenty-five percent of the households in such county 9 are below the federal poverty guidelines updated periodically in the Federal Register by the U.S. Department 10 of Health and Human Services under the authority of 42 11 U.S.C. Section 9902(2), as amended, or any school district 12 in which more than seventy percent of students in the 13 14 district qualify for a free or reduced price lunch under the 15 federal Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 16 U.S.C. Section 1751 et seq.;

17 (3) "Drinking water outlet", a potable water fixture
18 that is used for drinking or food preparation. "Drinking
19 water outlet" includes, but is not limited to:

20 (a) A water fountain, faucet, or tap that is used or
 21 potentially used for drinking or food preparation; and

22

(b) Ice-making and hot drink machines;

(4) "First draw", a two-hundred-fifty-milliliter
sample immediately collected from a drinking water outlet
that has been turned on after a stagnation period of at
least eight hours;

(5) "Parent", a parent, guardian, or other person
 having control or custody of a child;

(6) "Private school", the same definition as in
 section 166.700;

31 (7) "Public school", the same definition as in section 32 160.011;

(8) "Remediation", decreasing the lead concentration
in water from a drinking water outlet to less than five
parts per billion without relying solely on flushing
practices, or using methods such as the replacement of leadcontaining pipes, solder, fittings, or fixtures with leadfree components. Flushing as a stand alone action shall not
be considered remediation;

40 (9) "School", any public school, private school, or
41 provider of an early childhood education program that
42 receives state funding.

3. Beginning in the 2023-24 school year and for each
subsequent school year, each school shall provide drinking
water with a lead concentration level below five parts per
billion in sufficient amounts to meet the drinking water
needs of all students and staff as provided in this section.

48 **4. (1)** On or before January 1, 2024, each school 49 shall:

(a) Conduct an inventory of all drinking water outlets
and all outlets that are used for dispensing water for
cooking or for cleaning cooking and eating utensils in each
of the school's buildings;

(b) Develop a plan for testing each outlet inventoried
under paragraph (a) of this subdivision and make such plan
available to the public; and

(c) Upon request, provide general information on the
health effects of lead contamination and additional
informational resources for employees and parents of
children at each school.

61 (2) Each school shall make buildings housing early
 62 childhood education programs, kindergartens, and elementary

schools the priority when complying with paragraphs (a) and
(b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection.

65 (3) Before August 1, 2024, or the first day on which
66 students will be present in the building, whichever is
67 later, each school shall:

(a) Perform all testing as required by subsection 5 of
this section and within two weeks after receiving test
results, make all testing results and any lead remediation
plans available on the school's website;

72 (b) Remove and replace any drinking water coolers or drinking water outlets that the United States Environmental 73 Protection Agency has determined are not lead-free under the 74 federal Lead Contamination Control Act of 1988, as amended; 75 except the school shall not be required to replace those 76 77 drinking water outlets or water coolers that tested under the requirements of this section and have been determined to 78 79 be dispensing drinking water with a lead concentration less than five part per billion; however, such drinking water 80 outlet or water cooler shall be subject to all testing 81 requirements and shall not be excluded from testing under 82 subsection 10 of this section. 83

(4) If testing indicates that the water source is
causing the contamination and until such time that the
source of the contamination has been remediated, the school
shall:

(a) Install a filter at each point at which the water
 supply enters the building;

90 (b) Install a filter that reduces lead in drinking
91 water on each water outlet inventoried under paragraph (a)
92 of subdivision (1) of this subsection to ensure lead
93 concentrations are below five parts per billion; or

94 (c) Provide purified water at each water outlet
95 inventoried under paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this
96 subsection.

97 (5) If testing indicates that the internal building 98 piping is causing the contamination and until such time that 99 the source of the contamination has been remediated, the 100 school shall:

(a) Install a filter that reduces lead in drinking
water on each water outlet inventoried under paragraph (a)
of subdivision (1) of this subsection to ensure lead
concentrations are below five parts per billion; or

(b) Provide purified water at each water outlet
inventoried under paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this
subsection.

108 (6) If a pipe, solder, fitting, or fixture is replaced
109 as part of remediation, the replacement shall be lead-free,
110 as such term is defined in 40 CFR 143.12, as amended.

111 (7) If a test result exceeds five parts per billion,112 the affected school shall:

(a) Contact parents and staff via written notification
within seven business days after receiving the test result.
The notification shall include at least:

a. The test results and a summary that explains such
results;

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b. A description of any remedial steps taken; and

c. A description of general health effects of lead
contamination and community specific resources; and

(b) Provide bottled water if there is not enough water
to meet the drinking water needs of the students, teachers,
and staff.

124 (8) School districts shall submit such annual testing
 125 results to the department.

(9) This subsection shall not be construed to prevent
 a school from conducting more frequent testing than required
 under this section.

Before August 1, 2024, or the first day on 129 5. (1) which students will be present in the building, whichever is 130 131 later, and annually thereafter, each school shall conduct testing for lead by first-draw and follow-up flush samples 132 133 of a random sampling of at least twenty-five percent of 134 remediated drinking water outlets until all remediated 135 sources have been tested as recommended by the 2018 version of the United States Environmental Protection Agency's 136 "Training, Testing, and Taking Action" program. The testing 137 shall be conducted and the results analyzed for both types 138 139 of tests by an entity or entities approved by the department.

140 (2) If, in the ten years prior to the 2023-24 school
141 year, a fixture tested above five parts per billion for
142 lead, such fixture does not need to be repeat tested for
143 lead, but instead remediation shall begin on such fixture.

6. In addition to the apportionments payable to a 144 (1) 145 school district under chapter 163, the department of natural 146 resources, with support from the department of elementary 147 and secondary education and the department of health and 148 senior services, is hereby authorized to apportion to any 149 school additional funding for the filtration, testing, and other remediation of drinking water systems required under 150 this section, subject to appropriation. 151

(2) To the extent permitted by federal law, a school
district may seek reimbursement or other funds for
compliance incurred under this section under any applicable
federal law including, but not limited to, the America's
Water Infrastructure Act of 2018 and the Water

157 Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act of 2014, 33 U.S.C.
158 Section 3901 et seq.

159 (3) Disadvantaged school districts shall receive
 160 funding priority under this subsection.

161 7. The department, in conjunction with the department 162 of elementary and secondary education, shall publish a 163 report biennially based on the findings from the water 164 testing conducted under this section. Such report shall be 165 published on the department of natural resources website.

166 8. For public schools, the department shall ensure 167 compliance with this section. Each school district shall be 168 responsible for ensuring compliance within each school 169 within the school district's jurisdiction.

9. No school building constructed after January 4,
2014, as provided in the federal Reduction of Lead in
Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. Section 300g-6), as amended,
shall be required to install, maintain, or replace filters
under paragraph (c) of subdivision (1) of subsection 4 of
this section.

176 10. A school that tests and does not find a drinking 177 water source with a lead concentration above the acceptable 178 level as described in subsection 3 of this section shall be 179 required to test only every five years.

180 11. The department may promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section. 181 Anv rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 182 section 536.010, that is created under the authority 183 184 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 185 186 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This 187 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the 188 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter

189 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove 190 and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 191 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 192 or adopted after August 28, 2022, shall be invalid and void.

1. The local board of education of each 160.261. 2 school district shall clearly establish a written policy of discipline, including the district's determination on the 3 4 use of corporal punishment and the procedures in which 5 punishment will be applied. A written copy of the 6 district's discipline policy and corporal punishment procedures, if applicable, shall be provided to the pupil 7 8 and parent or legal guardian of every pupil enrolled in the district at the beginning of each school year and also made 9 available in the office of the superintendent of such 10 district, during normal business hours, for public 11 12 inspection. No pupil shall be subject to corporal 13 punishment procedures outlined in the discipline and corporal punishment policy without a parent or guardian 14 being notified and providing written permission for the 15 corporal punishment. All employees of the district shall 16 17 annually receive instruction related to the specific contents of the policy of discipline and any interpretations 18 19 necessary to implement the provisions of the policy in the 20 course of their duties, including but not limited to approved methods of dealing with acts of school violence, 21 disciplining students with disabilities and instruction in 22 the necessity and requirements for confidentiality. 23

24 2. The policy shall require school administrators to 25 report acts of school violence to all teachers at the 26 attendance center and, in addition, to other school district 27 employees with a need to know. For the purposes of this 28 chapter or chapter 167, "need to know" is defined as school

29 personnel who are directly responsible for the student's education or who otherwise interact with the student on a 30 professional basis while acting within the scope of their 31 assigned duties. As used in this section, the phrase "act 32 of school violence" or "violent behavior" means the exertion 33 34 of physical force by a student with the intent to do serious physical injury as defined in section 556.061 to another 35 person while on school property, including a school bus in 36 37 service on behalf of the district, or while involved in 38 school activities. The policy shall at a minimum require school administrators to report, as soon as reasonably 39 practical, to the appropriate law enforcement agency any of 40 the following crimes, or any act which if committed by an 41 adult would be one of the following crimes: 42

43

(1)

(2)

First degree murder under section 565.020;

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Second degree murder under section 565.021;

45 (3) Kidnapping under section 565.110 as it existed
46 prior to January 1, 2017, or kidnapping in the first degree
47 under section 565.110;

First degree assault under section 565.050; 48 (4) 49 Rape in the first degree under section 566.030; (5) 50 (6) Sodomy in the first degree under section 566.060; Burglary in the first degree under section 569.160; 51 (7) 52 (8) Burglary in the second degree under section 569.170; 53

(9) Robbery in the first degree under section 569.020
as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, or robbery in the
first degree under section 570.023;

57 (10) Distribution of drugs under section 195.211 as it 58 existed prior to January 1, 2017, or manufacture of a 59 controlled substance under section 579.055;

Distribution of drugs to a minor under section 60 (11)195.212 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, or delivery 61 of a controlled substance under section 579.020; 62

63

Arson in the first degree under section 569.040; (12)

64

Voluntary manslaughter under section 565.023; (13)

65 (14)Involuntary manslaughter under section 565.024 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, involuntary 66 67 manslaughter in the first degree under section 565.024, or involuntary manslaughter in the second degree under section 68 69 565.027;

(15)Second degree assault under section 565.060 as it 70 existed prior to January 1, 2017, or second degree assault 71 under section 565.052; 72

73

(16)Rape in the second degree under section 566.031;

74 (17)Felonious restraint under section 565.120 as it 75 existed prior to January 1, 2017, or kidnapping in the 76 second degree under section 565.120;

Property damage in the first degree under section 77 (18)569.100; 78

79

The possession of a weapon under chapter 571; (19)

80 (20)Child molestation in the first degree pursuant to section 566.067 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, or 81 child molestation in the first, second, or third degree 82 pursuant to section 566.067, 566.068, or 566.069; 83

84 (21)Sodomy in the second degree pursuant to section 566.061; 85

Sexual misconduct involving a child pursuant to 86 (22)section 566.083; 87

Sexual abuse in the first degree pursuant to 88 (23)89 section 566.100;

90 (24) Harassment under section 565.090 as it existed 91 prior to January 1, 2017, or harassment in the first degree 92 under section 565.090; or

93 (25) Stalking under section 565.225 as it existed 94 prior to January 1, 2017, or stalking in the first degree 95 under section 565.225;

committed on school property, including but not limited to 96 actions on any school bus in service on behalf of the 97 district or while involved in school activities. 98 The policy 99 shall require that any portion of a student's individualized 100 education program that is related to demonstrated or 101 potentially violent behavior shall be provided to any 102 teacher and other school district employees who are directly responsible for the student's education or who otherwise 103 interact with the student on an educational basis while 104 105 acting within the scope of their assigned duties. The 106 policy shall also contain the consequences of failure to obey standards of conduct set by the local board of 107 108 education, and the importance of the standards to the maintenance of an atmosphere where orderly learning is 109 110 possible and encouraged.

The policy shall provide that any student who is on 111 3. suspension for any of the offenses listed in subsection 2 of 112 113 this section or any act of violence or drug-related activity defined by school district policy as a serious violation of 114 115 school discipline pursuant to subsection 9 of this section 116 shall have as a condition of his or her suspension the 117 requirement that such student is not allowed, while on such suspension, to be within one thousand feet of any school 118 property in the school district where such student attended 119 school or any activity of that district, regardless of 120

121 whether or not the activity takes place on district property 122 unless:

(1) Such student is under the direct supervision of the student's parent, legal guardian, or custodian and the superintendent or the superintendent's designee has authorized the student to be on school property;

(2) Such student is under the direct supervision of another adult designated by the student's parent, legal guardian, or custodian, in advance, in writing, to the principal of the school which suspended the student and the superintendent or the superintendent's designee has authorized the student to be on school property;

(3) Such student is enrolled in and attending an alternative school that is located within one thousand feet of a public school in the school district where such student attended school; or

137 (4) Such student resides within one thousand feet of
138 any public school in the school district where such student
139 attended school in which case such student may be on the
140 property of his or her residence without direct adult
141 supervision.

142 4. Any student who violates the condition of suspension required pursuant to subsection 3 of this section 143 144 may be subject to expulsion or further suspension pursuant to the provisions of sections 167.161, 167.164, and 145 167.171. In making this determination consideration shall 146 be given to whether the student poses a threat to the safety 147 of any child or school employee and whether such student's 148 unsupervised presence within one thousand feet of the school 149 150 is disruptive to the educational process or undermines the 151 effectiveness of the school's disciplinary policy. Removal of any pupil who is a student with a disability is subject 152

153 to state and federal procedural rights. This section shall 154 not limit a school district's ability to:

(1) Prohibit all students who are suspended from being
on school property or attending an activity while on
suspension;

158 (2) Discipline students for off-campus conduct that
159 negatively affects the educational environment to the extent
160 allowed by law.

161 The policy shall provide for a suspension for a 5. 162 period of not less than one year, or expulsion, for a student who is determined to have brought a weapon to 163 school, including but not limited to the school playground 164 or the school parking lot, brought a weapon on a school bus 165 or brought a weapon to a school activity whether on or off 166 167 of the school property in violation of district policy, 168 except that:

169 (1) The superintendent or, in a school district with
170 no high school, the principal of the school which such child
171 attends may modify such suspension on a case-by-case basis;
172 and

173 (2) This section shall not prevent the school district
174 from providing educational services in an alternative
175 setting to a student suspended under the provisions of this
176 section.

6. For the purpose of this section, the term "weapon" 177 shall mean a firearm as defined under 18 U.S.C. Section 921 178 and the following items, as defined in section 571.010: a 179 blackjack, a concealable firearm, an explosive weapon, a 180 firearm, a firearm silencer, a gas gun, a knife, knuckles, a 181 182 machine gun, a projectile weapon, a rifle, a shotgun, a spring qun or a switchblade knife; except that this section 183 shall not be construed to prohibit a school board from 184

adopting a policy to allow a Civil War reenactor to carry a
Civil War era weapon on school property for educational
purposes so long as the firearm is unloaded. The local
board of education shall define weapon in the discipline
policy. Such definition shall include the weapons defined
in this subsection but may also include other weapons.

191 7. All school district personnel responsible for the 192 care and supervision of students are authorized to hold 193 every pupil strictly accountable for any disorderly conduct 194 in school or on any property of the school, on any school 195 bus going to or returning from school, during school-196 sponsored activities, or during intermission or recess 197 periods.

198 8. Teachers and other authorized district personnel in 199 public schools responsible for the care, supervision, and 200 discipline of schoolchildren, including volunteers selected 201 with reasonable care by the school district, shall not be civilly liable when acting in conformity with the 202 established policies developed by each board, including but 203 not limited to policies of student discipline or when 204 205 reporting to his or her supervisor or other person as mandated by state law acts of school violence or threatened 206 207 acts of school violence, within the course and scope of the 208 duties of the teacher, authorized district personnel or 209 volunteer, when such individual is acting in conformity with the established policies developed by the board. Nothing in 210 this section shall be construed to create a new cause of 211 action against such school district, or to relieve the 212 school district from liability for the negligent acts of 213 214 such persons.

215 9. Each school board shall define in its discipline216 policy acts of violence and any other acts that constitute a

217 serious violation of that policy. "Acts of violence" as 218 defined by school boards shall include but not be limited to exertion of physical force by a student with the intent to 219 220 do serious bodily harm to another person while on school 221 property, including a school bus in service on behalf of the 222 district, or while involved in school activities. School districts shall for each student enrolled in the school 223 224 district compile and maintain records of any serious violation of the district's discipline policy. Such records 225 226 shall be made available to teachers and other school 227 district employees with a need to know while acting within the scope of their assigned duties, and shall be provided as 228 required in section 167.020 to any school district in which 229 230 the student subsequently attempts to enroll.

231 10. Spanking, when administered by certificated 232 personnel and in the presence of a witness who is an 233 employee of the school district, or the use of reasonable force to protect persons or property, when administered by 234 personnel of a school district in a reasonable manner in 235 accordance with the local board of education's written 236 policy of discipline, is not abuse within the meaning of 237 chapter 210. The provisions of sections 210.110 to 210.165 238 notwithstanding, the children's division shall not have 239 240 jurisdiction over or investigate any report of alleged child abuse arising out of or related to the use of reasonable 241 242 force to protect persons or property when administered by personnel of a school district or any spanking administered 243 in a reasonable manner by any certificated school personnel 244 in the presence of a witness who is an employee of the 245 246 school district pursuant to a written policy of discipline 247 established by the board of education of the school

248 district, as long as no allegation of sexual misconduct 249 arises from the spanking or use of force. 250 11. If a student reports alleged sexual misconduct on the part of a teacher or other school employee to a person 251 252 employed in a school facility who is required to report such 253 misconduct to the children's division under section 210.115, such person and the superintendent of the school district 254 255 shall report the allegation to the children's division as set forth in section 210.115. Reports made to the 256 257 children's division under this subsection shall be investigated by the division in accordance with the 258 provisions of sections 210.145 to 210.153 and shall not be 259 investigated by the school district under subsections 12 to 260 261 20 of this section for purposes of determining whether the 262 allegations should or should not be substantiated. The 263 district may investigate the allegations for the purpose of 264 making any decision regarding the employment of the accused 265 employee.

12.] **11.** Upon receipt of any reports of child abuse by 266 the children's division [other than reports provided under 267 subsection 11 of this section, ] pursuant to sections 210.110 268 to 210.165 which allegedly involve personnel of a school 269 district, the children's division shall notify the 270 271 superintendent of schools of the district or, if the person named in the alleged incident is the superintendent of 272 273 schools, the president of the school board of the school 274 district where the alleged incident occurred.

[13. If, after an initial investigation, the
superintendent of schools or the president of the school
board finds that the report involves an alleged incident of
child abuse other than the administration of a spanking by
certificated school personnel or the use of reasonable force

280 to protect persons or property when administered by school 281 personnel pursuant to a written policy of discipline or that 282 the report was made for the sole purpose of harassing a public school employee, the superintendent of schools or the 283 president of the school board shall immediately refer the 284 matter back to the children's division and take no further 285 action. In all matters referred back to the children's 286 division, the division shall treat the report in the same 287 manner as other reports of alleged child abuse received by 288 289 the division.

14. If the report pertains to an alleged incident 290 which arose out of or is related to a spanking administered 291 292 by certificated personnel or the use of reasonable force to protect persons or property when administered by personnel 293 294 of a school district pursuant to a written policy of 295 discipline or a report made for the sole purpose of 296 harassing a public school employee, a notification of the 297 reported child abuse shall be sent by the superintendent of 298 schools or the president of the school board to the law 299 enforcement in the county in which the alleged incident 300 occurred.

301 15. The report shall be jointly investigated by the 302 law enforcement officer and the superintendent of schools 303 or, if the subject of the report is the superintendent of 304 schools, by a law enforcement officer and the president of 305 the school board or such president's designee.

306 16. The investigation shall begin no later than forty-307 eight hours after notification from the children's division 308 is received, and shall consist of, but need not be limited 309 to, interviewing and recording statements of the child and 310 the child's parents or guardian within two working days 311 after the start of the investigation, of the school district

personnel allegedly involved in the report, and of any 312 witnesses to the alleged incident. 313 314 17. The law enforcement officer and the investigating school district personnel shall issue separate reports of 315 their findings and recommendations after the conclusion of 316 the investigation to the school board of the school district 317 within seven days after receiving notice from the children's 318 319 division. 320 18. The reports shall contain a statement of 321 conclusion as to whether the report of alleged child abuse is substantiated or is unsubstantiated. 322 19. The school board shall consider the separate 323 reports referred to in subsection 17 of this section and 324 shall issue its findings and conclusions and the action to 325

326 be taken, if any, within seven days after receiving the last 327 of the two reports. The findings and conclusions shall be 328 made in substantially the following form:

329 (1) The report of the alleged child abuse is 330 unsubstantiated. The law enforcement officer and the 331 investigating school board personnel agree that there was 332 not a preponderance of evidence to substantiate that abuse 333 occurred;

334 (2) The report of the alleged child abuse is
335 substantiated. The law enforcement officer and the
336 investigating school district personnel agree that the
337 preponderance of evidence is sufficient to support a finding
338 that the alleged incident of child abuse did occur;

339 (3) The issue involved in the alleged incident of
340 child abuse is unresolved. The law enforcement officer and
341 the investigating school personnel are unable to agree on
342 their findings and conclusions on the alleged incident.

343 20. The findings and conclusions of the school board under subsection 19 of this section shall be sent to the 344 345 children's division. If the findings and conclusions of the school board are that the report of the alleged child abuse 346 is unsubstantiated, the investigation shall be terminated, 347 the case closed, and no record shall be entered in the 348 children's division central registry. If the findings and 349 350 conclusions of the school board are that the report of the alleged child abuse is substantiated, the children's 351 352 division shall report the incident to the prosecuting attorney of the appropriate county along with the findings 353 and conclusions of the school district and shall include the 354 355 information in the division's central registry. If the findings and conclusions of the school board are that the 356 357 issue involved in the alleged incident of child abuse is 358 unresolved, the children's division shall report the 359 incident to the prosecuting attorney of the appropriate 360 county along with the findings and conclusions of the school 361 board, however, the incident and the names of the parties allegedly involved shall not be entered into the central 362 registry of the children's division unless and until the 363 alleged child abuse is substantiated by a court of competent 364 jurisdiction. 365

Any superintendent of schools, president of a
school board or such person's designee or law enforcement
officer who knowingly falsifies any report of any matter
pursuant to this section or who knowingly withholds any
information relative to any investigation or report pursuant
to this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

372 22.] 12. In order to ensure the safety of all
373 students, should a student be expelled for bringing a weapon
374 to school, violent behavior, or for an act of school

375 violence, that student shall not, for the purposes of the 376 accreditation process of the Missouri school improvement 377 plan, be considered a dropout or be included in the 378 calculation of that district's educational persistence ratio.

160.560. 1. The department of elementary and
2 secondary education shall establish the "Show-Me Success
3 Diploma Program".

2. Under the show-me success diploma program, the department of elementary and secondary education shall develop the "Show-Me Success Diploma" as an alternative pathway to graduation for high school students that may be earned at any point between the end of a student's tenth grade year and the conclusion of the student's twelfth grade year.

3. Before July 1, 2023, the department of elementary
and secondary education shall develop detailed requirements
for students to become eligible for the show-me success
diploma that include at least the following:

(1) Demonstrated skills and knowledge in English,
science, and mathematical literacy to be successful in
college-level courses offered by the community colleges in
this state that count toward a degree or certificate without
taking remedial or developmental coursework; and

(2) Satisfactory grades on approved examinations in
 subjects determined to be necessary to prepare a student to
 enter postsecondary education without taking remedial or
 developmental coursework.

4. School districts and charter schools may offer a course of study designed to meet the requirements to obtain a show-me success diploma to students entering the ninth grade. Students who elect to pursue a show-me success diploma shall participate in a course of study designed by

29 the school district to meet the requirements established 30 under subsection 3 of this section. The show-me success 31 diploma shall be available to any such student until the end 32 of that student's twelfth grade year.

Students who earn a show-me success diploma may 33 5. 34 remain in high school and participate in programs of study available through the school district or charter school 35 36 until that student would otherwise have graduated at the end 37 of grade twelve. For purposes of calculation and 38 distribution of state aid, the school district or charter 39 school of a pupil having earned a show-me success diploma who remains enrolled in the school district or charter 40 school shall continue to include the pupil in the pupil 41 enrollment of each such school district or charter school 42 and shall continue to receive funding for a pupil who earns 43 44 a show-me success diploma until that pupil would otherwise 45 have graduated at the end of grade twelve. Students who elect to remain in high school under this subsection shall 46 be eligible to participate in extracurricular activities, 47 including interscholastic sports, through the end of grade 48 49 twelve.

50 6. Students who pursue but do not meet the eligibility requirements for a show-me success diploma at the end of 51 52 grade ten or eleven shall receive a customized program of assistance during the next school year that addresses areas 53 in which the student demonstrated deficiencies in the course 54 requirements. Students may choose to return to a 55 traditional academic program without completing the show-me 56 57 success diploma.

58 7. The department of elementary and secondary 59 education shall provide training, guidance, and assistance 60 to teachers and administrators of the schools offering the

show-me success diploma and shall closely monitor the
progress of the schools in the development of the program.

63 8. Pupils who earn a show-me success diploma and do not remain enrolled in the district or charter school and 64 instead enroll, or show proof that they will enroll, in a 65 66 postsecondary educational institution eligible to participate in a student aid program administered by the 67 68 U.S. Department of Education shall be included in the 69 district's or charter school's state aid calculation under 70 section 163.031, until such time that the pupil would have completed the pupil's twelfth grade year had the pupil not 71 earned a show-me success diploma. The funding assigned to a 72 pupil under this subsection shall be calculated as if the 73 74 pupil's attendance percentage equaled the district's or 75 charter school's prior year average attendance percentage. For a pupil who, as provided in this subsection, is included 76 77 in the district's or charter school's state aid calculation but who is not enrolled in the district or charter school, 78 an amount equal to ninety percent of the pupil's 79 80 proportionate share of the state, local, and federal aid that the district or charter school receives for the pupil 81 under this subsection shall be deposited into an account 82 established under sections 166.400 to 166.455 that lists the 83 84 pupil as the beneficiary. The state treasurer shall provide 85 quidance and assist school districts, charter schools, pupils, and parents or guardians of pupils with the 86 creation, maintenance, and use of an account that has been 87 established under sections 166.400 to 166.455. 88

9. The department of elementary and secondary
education shall promulgate all necessary rules and
regulations for the administration of this section. Any
rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in

section 536.010, that is created under the authority 93 94 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 95 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. 96 This 97 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the 98 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 99 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove 100 and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 101 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2022, shall be invalid and void. 102

160.2700. For purposes of sections 160.2700 to2 160.2725, "adult high school" means a school that:

3 (1) Is for individuals who do not have a high school4 diploma and who are twenty-one years of age or older;

5 (2) Offers an industry certification program or
6 programs and a high school diploma in a manner that allows
7 students to earn a diploma at the same time that they earn
8 an industry certification;

9 (3) Offers [on-site] child care for children of
10 enrolled students attending the school; and

11 (4) Is not eligible to receive funding under section12 160.415 or 163.031.

160.2705. 1. The department of elementary and secondary education shall authorize before January 1, 2018, a Missouri-based nonprofit organization meeting the criteria under subsection 2 of this section to establish and operate four adult high schools, with:

6 (1) One adult high school to be located in a city not7 within a county;

8 (2) One adult high school to be located in a county of
9 the third classification without a township form of
10 government and with more than forty-one thousand but fewer

11 than forty-five thousand inhabitants or a county contiguous 12 to that county;

(3) One adult high school to be located in a county of
the first classification with more than two hundred sixty
thousand but fewer than three hundred thousand inhabitants
or a county contiguous to that county; and

17 (4) One adult high school to be located in a county of
18 the first classification with more than one hundred fifty
19 thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants.

2. The department of elementary and secondary
 education shall grant the authorization described under
 subsection 1 of this section based on a bid process
 conducted in accordance with the rules and regulations
 governing purchasing through the office of administration.
 The successful bidder shall:

(1) Demonstrate the ability to establish, within
twenty-one months of the receipt of the authorization, four
adult high schools offering high school diplomas, an
industry certification program or programs, and [on-site]
child care for children of the students attending the high
schools;

32 (2) Commit at least two million dollars in investment
33 for the purpose of establishing the necessary infrastructure
34 to operate four adult high schools;

35 (3) Demonstrate substantial and positive experience in
36 providing services, including industry certifications and
37 job placement services, to adults twenty-one years of age or
38 older whose educational and training opportunities have been
39 limited by educational disadvantages, disabilities,
40 homelessness, criminal history, or similar circumstances;

41 (4) Establish a partnership with a state-supported42 postsecondary education institution or more than one such

43 partnership, if a partnership or partnerships are necessary44 in order to meet the requirements for an adult high school;

45 (5) Establish a comprehensive plan that sets forth how
46 the adult high schools will help address the need for a
47 sufficiently trained workforce in the surrounding region for
48 each adult high school;

49 (6) Establish partnerships and strategies for engaging
50 the community and business leaders in carrying out the goals
51 of each adult high school;

52 (7) Establish the ability to meet quality standards 53 through certified teachers and programs that support each 54 student in [his or her] such student's goal to find a more 55 rewarding job;

(8) Establish a plan for assisting students in
overcoming barriers to educational success including, but
not limited to, educational disadvantages, homelessness,
criminal history, disability, including learning disability
such as dyslexia, and similar circumstances;

61 (9) Establish a process for determining outcomes of
62 the adult high school, including outcomes related to a
63 student's ability to find a more rewarding job through the
64 attainment of a high school diploma and job training and
65 certification; and

66 (10) Bids shall not include an administrative fee67 greater than ten percent.

68 3. (1) The department of elementary and secondary
69 education shall establish academic requirements for students
70 to obtain high school diplomas.

(2) Requirements for a high school diploma shall be
based on an adult student's prior high school achievement
and the remaining credits and coursework that would be
necessary for the student to receive a high school diploma

75 if [he or she] such student were in a traditional high 76 school setting. The adult student shall meet the 77 requirements with the same level of academic rigor as would 78 otherwise be necessary to attain such credits.

79 (3) The adult high school authorized under this
80 section shall award high school diplomas to students who
81 successfully meet the established academic requirements.
82 The adult high school authorized under this section shall
83 confer the diploma as though the student earned the diploma
84 at a traditional high school. The diploma shall have no
85 differentiating marks, titles, or other symbols.

Students at adult high schools may complete 86 (4) required coursework at their own pace and as available 87 through the adult high school. They shall not be required 88 to satisfy any specific number of class minutes. 89 The adult 90 high school may also make classes available to students 91 online as may be appropriate. However, students shall not complete the majority of instruction of the school's 92 curriculum online or through remote instruction. For the 93 purposes of this subsection, synchronous instruction 94 connecting students to a live class conducted in a Missouri 95 96 adult high school shall be treated the same as in-person 97 instruction.

98 (5) The department of elementary and secondary
99 education shall not create additional regulations or burdens
100 on the adult high school or the students attending the adult
101 high schools beyond certifying necessary credits and
102 ensuring that students have sufficiently mastered the
103 subject matter to make them eligible for credit.

4. An adult high school shall be deemed a "secondary
school system" for the purposes of subdivision (15) of
subsection 1 of section 210.211.

161.097. 1. The state board of education shall 2 establish standards and procedures by which it will evaluate 3 all teacher training institutions in this state for the approval of teacher education programs. The state board of 4 education shall not require teacher training institutions to 5 6 meet national or regional accreditation as a part of its standards and procedures in making those evaluations, but it 7 8 may accept such accreditations in lieu of such approval if 9 standards and procedures set thereby are at least as 10 stringent as those set by the board. The state board of education's standards and procedures for evaluating teacher 11 training institutions shall equal or exceed those of 12 national or regional accrediting associations. 13

2. There is hereby established within the department 14 of elementary and secondary education the "Missouri Advisory 15 Board for Educator Preparation", hereinafter referred to as 16 17 "MABEP". The MABEP shall advise the state board of education and the coordinating board for higher education 18 regarding matters of mutual interest in the area of quality 19 20 educator preparation programs in Missouri. The advisory 21 board shall include at least three active elementary or 22 secondary classroom teachers and at least three faculty members within approved educator preparation programs. 23 The 24 classroom teacher members shall be selected to represent 25 various regions of the state and districts of different The faculty representatives shall represent 26 sizes. institutions from various regions of the state and sizes of 27 The advisory board shall hold regular meetings 28 programs. that allow members to share needs and concerns and plan 29 30 strategies to enhance teacher preparation.

31 3. Upon approval by the state board of education of32 the teacher education program at a particular teacher

33 training institution, any person who graduates from that program, and who meets other requirements which the state 34 35 board of education shall prescribe by rule, regulation and statute shall be granted a certificate or license to teach 36 in the public schools of this state. However, no such rule 37 or regulation shall require that the program from which the 38 39 person graduates be accredited by any national or regional 40 accreditation association.

4. The state board of education shall, in consultation
with MABEP, align literacy and reading instruction
coursework for teacher education programs in early
childhood, kindergarten to fifth grade elementary teacher
certification, middle school communication arts, high school
communication arts, and all reading and special education
certificates to include the following:

48 (1) Teacher candidates shall receive classroom and
 49 clinical training in:

(a) The core components of reading, including phonemic
 awareness, phonics, fluency, comprehension, morphology,
 syntax, and vocabulary;

53

(b) Oral and written language development; and

54 (c) Identification of reading deficiencies, dyslexia,
55 and other language difficulties;

56 (2) Teacher candidates shall also have training on:
57 (a) The selection and use of reading curricula and
58 instructional materials;

59 (b) The administration and interpretation of60 assessments;

(c) How to translate assessment results into effective
 practice in the classroom specific to the needs of students;
 and

64 (d) Additional best practices in the field of literacy
65 instruction as recommended by the literacy advisory council
66 pursuant to section 186.080.

5. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is 67 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 68 69 authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 70 71 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 72 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 73 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly 74 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 75 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 76 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 77 78 2014, shall be invalid and void.

161.214. 1. For purposes of this section, the
2 following terms shall mean:

3

(1) "Board", the state board of education;

4 (2) "Department", the department of elementary and
5 secondary education;

6 (3) "School innovation team", a group of natural
7 persons officially authorized by:

8

(a) A single elementary or secondary school;

9 (b) A group of two or more elementary or secondary 10 schools within the same school district that share common 11 interests, such as geographical location or educational 12 focus, or that sequentially serve classes of students as 13 they progress through elementary and secondary education;

(c) A group of two or more elementary or secondary
 schools not within the same school district that share
 common interests, such as geographical location or
 educational focus, or that sequentially serve classes of

18 students as they progress through elementary and secondary 19 education;

20

(d) A single school district; or

A group of two or more school districts that share 21 (e) 22 common interests, such as geographical location or 23 educational focus, or that sequentially serve classes of students as they progress through elementary and secondary 24 25 education;

26 (4) "School innovation waiver", a waiver granted by the board to a single school, group of schools, single 27 school district, or group of school districts pursuant to 28 this section, in which the school, group of schools, school 29 district, or group of school districts is exempt from a 30 specific requirement imposed by chapter 160, chapter 161, 31 32 chapter 162, chapter 167, chapter 170, or chapter 171, or any regulations promulgated thereunder by the board or the 33 34 department. Any school innovation waiver granted to a school district or group of school districts shall be 35 applicable to every elementary and secondary school within 36 the school district or group of school districts unless the 37 38 plan specifically provides otherwise.

39 2. Any school innovation team seeking a school 40 innovation waiver may submit a plan to the board for one or 41 more of the following purposes:

Improving student readiness for employment, higher 42 (1) education, vocational training, technical training, or any 43 other form of career and job training; 44

45

Increasing the compensation of teachers; or (2)

(3) Improving the recruitment, retention, training, 46 47 preparation, or professional development of teachers. 48

3. Any plan for a school innovation waiver shall:

(1) Identify the specific provision of law for which a waiver is being requested and provide an explanation for why the specific provision of law inhibits the ability of the school or school district to accomplish the goal stated in the plan;

54 (2) Demonstrate that the intent of the specific
55 provision of law can be addressed in a more effective,
56 efficient, or economical manner and that the waiver or
57 modification is necessary to implement the plan;

58 (3) Include measurable annual performance targets and
 59 goals for the implementation of the plan;

60 (4) Specify the innovations to be pursued in meeting
61 one or more of the goals listed in subsection 2 of this
62 section;

63 (5) Demonstrate parental, school employee, and
64 community and business support for, and engagement with, the
65 plan; and

66 (6) Be approved by at least the minimum number of
67 people required to be on the school innovation team prior to
68 submitting the plan for approval.

69 4. (1) In evaluating a plan submitted by a school
70 innovation team under subsection 2 of this section, the
71 board shall consider whether the plan will:

(a) Improve the preparation, counseling, and overall
 readiness of students for postsecondary life;

(b) Increase teacher salaries in a financially
 sustainable and prudent manner; or

(c) Increase the attractiveness of the teaching
 profession for prospective teachers and active teachers
 alike.

79 (2) The board may approve any plan submitted under
80 subsection 2 of this section if it determines that:

81 (a) The plan successfully demonstrates the ability to
82 address the intent of the provision of law to be waived in a
83 more effective, efficient, or economical manner;

(b) The waivers or modifications are demonstrated to
be necessary to stimulate improved student readiness for
postsecondary life, increase teacher salaries, or increase
the attractiveness of the teaching profession for
prospective teachers and active teachers;

(c) The plan has demonstrated sufficient participation
from among the teachers, principals, superintendent,
faculty, school board, parents, and the community at large;
and

93 (d) The plan is based upon sound educational
94 practices, does not endanger the health and safety of
95 students or staff, and does not compromise equal opportunity
96 for learning.

97 (3) The board may propose modifications to the plan in
98 cooperation with the school innovation team.

99 Any waiver granted under this section shall be 5. 100 effective for a period of no longer than three school years 101 beginning the school year following the school year in which 102 the waiver is approved. Any waiver may be renewed. No more 103 than one school innovation waiver shall be in effect with 104 respect to any one elementary or secondary school at one 105 time.

106 6. This section shall not be construed to allow the 107 state board of education to authorize the waiver of any 108 statutory requirements relating to teacher certification, 109 teacher tenure, or any requirement imposed by federal law.

The department shall publish an annual report based
on the school innovation waivers considered by the state
board. The report shall document the waivers submitted and

113 waivers approved, at the statewide, district, and school 114 building levels, and provide data at the statewide, 115 district, and school building levels of sufficient detail to 116 allow analysis of trends regarding the purposes for waiver 117 requests, the statutes waived or requested to be waived, any 118 modifications approved by the state board, and the state 119 board's actions to approve or deny waiver requests.

120 8. The board may promulgate rules implementing the 121 provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, 122 as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become 123 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of 124 the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 125 126 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 127 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly 128 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 129 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 130 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 131 2022, shall be invalid and void. 132

161.241. 1. The state board of education, in
collaboration with the coordinating board for higher
education and the commissioner's advisory council under
section 186.080, shall develop a plan to establish a
comprehensive system of services for reading instruction.

2. The state board of education shall establish and
periodically update a statewide literacy plan that supports
high quality, evidence-based reading instruction for all
students.

103. The state board of education shall create an office11of literacy. The commissioner of education shall coordinate

staff with roles relating to literacy and align staff work
around supporting best practices in reading instruction.

4. The state board of education shall align literacy
and reading instruction coursework for teacher education
programs as required under subsection 4 of section 161.097.

5. Subject to appropriation, the department of elementary and secondary education shall recruit and employ quality teacher trainers with expertise in reading instruction and provide opportunities for evidence-based professional development in reading instruction available for all active teachers.

6. The department shall maintain and publish data on
reading outcomes, provided that the report shall not include
individually identifiable student data.

7. The department shall publish criteria and examples
to help districts and schools select and use evidence-based
reading curricula and instructional materials.

Additionally, the department shall publish a list of
curricula that ensure instruction is explicit, systematic,
diagnostic, and based on phonological awareness, phonics,
fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, morphology, syntax, and
semantics. This shall be a resource to districts.

34 8. The department shall provide online tools and
35 training for active teachers on evidence-based reading
36 instruction.

9. There is hereby created in the state treasury the
"Evidence-based Reading Instruction Program Fund". The fund
shall be administered by the department and used to
reimburse school districts and charter schools for efforts
to improve student literacy, including, but not limited to:
initiatives that provide optional training and materials to
teachers regarding best practices in reading pedagogies;

44 resources for parents and quardians to assist them in 45 teaching their children to read; funding for reading 46 tutoring programs outside of regular school hours; stipends 47 for teachers who undergo additional training in reading instruction, which may also count toward professional 48 49 development requirements; and funding for summer reading The fund shall consist of moneys appropriated 50 programs. 51 annually by the general assembly from general revenue to 52 such fund, any moneys paid into the state treasury and 53 required by law to be credited to such fund, and any gifts, 54 bequests, or donations to such fund. The fund shall be kept separate and apart from all other moneys in the state 55 treasury and shall be paid out by the state treasurer 56 57 pursuant to chapter 33. Notwithstanding the provisions of 58 section 33.080 to the contrary, moneys in the fund at the 59 end of the biennium shall not be transferred to the credit 60 of the general revenue fund. All interest and moneys earned on the fund shall be credited to the fund. 61

161.380. 1. Subject to appropriations, the department
of elementary and secondary education shall establish the
"Competency-Based Education Grant Program".

4 2. There is hereby created in the state treasury (1) 5 the "Competency-Based Education Grant Program Fund". The 6 fund shall consist of any appropriations to such fund and any gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from 7 8 private or other sources for the purpose of providing 9 competency-based education programs. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 10 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve 11 disbursements of public moneys in accordance with 12 13 distribution requirements and procedures developed by the department of elementary and secondary education. 14 The fund

15 shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in 16 the fund shall be used solely for the administration of this 17 section.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080
to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end
of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the
general revenue fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the
fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any
interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be
credited to the fund.

The department of elementary and secondary 26 3. education shall award grants from the competency-based 27 28 education grant program fund to eligible school districts 29 for the purpose of providing competency-based education 30 programs. A school district wishing to receive such a grant 31 shall submit an application to the department of elementary and secondary education addressing: 32

33 (1) A core mission that competency-based education
 34 courses will help achieve;

35 (2) A plan that outlines competency-based education
 36 courses and key metrics that will show success;

37 (3) Resources available to the school and in the
 38 community that will assist in creating successful competency 39 based outcomes; and

40 (4) Resources and support needed to help the school
 41 succeed in implementing competency-based education courses.

42 4. The department of elementary and secondary
43 education shall facilitate the creation, sharing, and
44 development of course assessments; curriculum; training and
45 guidance for teachers; and best practices for the school
46 districts that offer competency-based education courses.

475. For purposes of this section, the term "competency-48based education program" means an educational program that:

49 (1) Affords students flexibility to progress and earn
 50 course credit upon demonstration of mastery, including
 51 through early high school graduation;

(2) Provides individual learning and assessment
options, including through experiential and project-based
learning, online or blended learning, additional remedial
education time, and accelerated-pace curricula;

(3) Assesses student proficiency based on graduate
 profiles describing meaningful and critical knowledge and
 skills that students should have upon graduation; or

(4) Assesses student proficiency through tasks
developed both locally and at the state level, performance
of which demonstrates mastery.

62 6. The department of elementary and secondary 63 education shall promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section. 64 Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 65 section 536.010, that is created under the authority 66 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 67 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 68 69 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This 70 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the 71 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove 72 and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 73 74 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 75 or adopted after August 28, 2022, shall be invalid and void.

161.385. 1. There is hereby established the
2 "Competency-Based Education Task Force" to study and develop
3 competency-based education programs in public schools. Task

4 force members shall be chosen to represent the geographic 5 diversity of the state. Task force members shall be 6 appointed for a term of two years and may be reappointed. 7 All task force members shall be appointed before December 8 31, 2022, and every other year thereafter by December thirty-9 first of that year. The task force members shall be 10 appointed as follows:

(1) Two members of the house of representatives
appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;
(2) Two members of the senate appointed by the
president pro tempore of the senate;

(3) The commissioner of the department of elementary
 and secondary education or the commissioner's designee; and

17 (4) Four members appointed by the governor. Two
18 members shall each represent a separate school district that
19 offers competency-based education courses.

The members of the task force established under 20 2. subsection 1 of this section shall elect a chair from among 21 the membership of the task force. The task force shall meet 22 23 as needed to complete its consideration of its objectives as established in subsections 4 and 5 of this section. 24 Anv 25 vacancy on the task force shall be filled in the same manner 26 as the original appointment. Members of the task force 27 shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to 28 reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in 29 the performance of official duties.

30 3. The department of elementary and secondary
31 education shall provide such legal, research, clerical, and
32 technical services as the task force may require in the
33 performance of official duties.

34

4. The task force shall:

(1) Work toward implementing competency-based
 education courses statewide and devising a plan for Missouri
 to lead the way in competency-based education courses;

38 (2) Solicit input from individuals and organizations
39 with information or expertise relevant to the task force's
40 objective, including experts and educators with experience
41 related to competency-based education programs;

42 (3) Hold at least three public hearings to provide an 43 opportunity to receive public testimony including, but not 44 limited to, testimony from educators, local school boards, 45 parents, representatives from business and industry, labor 46 and community leaders, members of the general assembly, and 47 the general public;

48 (4) Identify promising competency-based education
 49 programs, including programs that:

(a) Afford students flexibility to progress and earn
course credit upon demonstration of mastery, including
through early high school graduation;

(b) Provide individual learning and assessment
options, including through experiential and project-based
learning, online or blended learning, additional remedial
education time, and accelerated-pace curricula; or

(c) Assess student proficiency through tasks developed
both locally and at the state level, performance of which
demonstrates mastery;

60 (5) Identify obstacles to implementing competency 61 based education programs in Missouri public schools;

62 (6) Develop comprehensive graduate profiles that
63 describe meaningful and critical knowledge skills that
64 students should have upon graduation that can be implemented
65 into a diploma designation;

Develop findings and recommendations for 66 (7) 67 implementing competency-based education models and practices 68 in Missouri public schools, including recommending changes to existing legislation, rules, and regulations; and 69

70

71

78

Develop findings and recommendations for (8) implementing a competency-based performance assessment that:

72 Is consistent with the most effective competency-(a) 73 based education programs identified by the task force under 74 subdivision (4) of this subsection;

75 (b) Assesses students based on both locally developed 76 and common statewide performance tasks tied to grade and course competencies aligned with state content standards; and 77

(C) Complies with all applicable federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 6311(b)(1)(B), as amended. 79 То 80 the extent that implementing a competency-based performance 81 assessment would require the department of elementary and 82 secondary education to obtain innovative assessment and accountability demonstration authority under 20 U.S.C. 83 Section 6364, as amended, the task force shall develop 84 findings and recommendations for obtaining such authority. 85

Beginning in 2023, the task force shall present its 86 5. 87 findings and recommendations to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate, 88 89 the joint committee on education, and the state board of education by December first annually. 90

1. 161.700. This section shall be known as the 2 "Holocaust Education and Awareness Commission Act".

2. There is hereby created a permanent state 3 commission known as the "Holocaust Education and Awareness 4 5 Commission". The commission shall be housed in the 6 department of elementary and secondary education and shall promote implementation of [holocaust] Holocaust education 7

8 and awareness programs in Missouri in order to encourage
9 understanding of the [holocaust] Holocaust and discourage
10 bigotry.

3. The commission shall be composed of twelve members
to be appointed by the governor with advice and consent of
the senate. The makeup of the commission shall be:

14

(1) The commissioner of higher education;

15 (2) The commissioner of elementary and secondary 16 education;

17 (3) The president of the University of Missouri18 system; and

19 (4) Nine members of the public, representative of the
20 diverse religious and ethnic heritage groups populating
21 Missouri.

22 4. The [holocaust] Holocaust education and awareness 23 commission may receive such funds as appropriated from 24 public moneys or contributed to it by private sources. [It] 25 The commission may sponsor programs or publications to 26 educate the public about the crimes of genocide in an effort to deter indifference to crimes against humanity and human 27 suffering wherever they occur. 28

5. The term ["holocaust"] "Holocaust" shall be defined
as the [period from 1933 through 1945 when] systematic,
state-sponsored persecution and murder of six million Jews
[and millions of others were murdered] by the Nazi [Germany]
regime and its allies and collaborators [as part of a
structured, state-sanctioned program of genocide] during the
period from 1933 through 1945.

36 6. The commission may employ an executive director and37 such other persons to carry out its functions.

38 7. (1) To educate students about the Holocaust and
 39 inspire in students a sense of responsibility to recognize

40 and uphold human value and to prevent future atrocities, the
41 second week in April shall be designated as "Holocaust
42 Education Week".

43 (2) Holocaust education shall be taught during a week
44 as determined by each school district and shall include age45 appropriate instruction to elementary school students not
46 lower than the sixth grade and high school students as
47 determined by each school district. Such instruction shall
48 include, but not be limited to:

(a) Information providing a historical understanding
 of the Holocaust to offer context for the discussion of how
 and why the Holocaust happened;

52 (b) Participation, in person or using technology, in 53 learning projects about the Holocaust; and

(c) The use of materials developed or supported by the
Holocaust education and awareness commission, the United
States Holocaust Memorial Museum, or the St. Louis Kaplan
Feldman Holocaust Museum.

58 (3) Based on the instructional materials provided under paragraph (c) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, 59 60 the department of elementary and secondary education shall develop a curriculum framework of instruction for studying 61 the Holocaust. The department shall make such curriculum 62 63 framework available to up to twenty-five school districts or schools within a district, with at least one district or 64 school within each of the nine regional professional 65 development centers, as defined by the department, as a 66 pilot program in consultation with the Holocaust education 67 and awareness commission beginning in the 2023-24 school 68 69 year.

70 (4) Each school district participating in the pilot
 71 program shall adopt the curriculum framework provided by the

72 department under subdivision (3) of this subsection in the 73 2023-24 school year. Each school district shall determine 74 the minimum amount of instruction time that qualifies as a 75 unit of instruction satisfying the requirements of this 76 subsection.

(5) Each participating school district shall provide a
plan of professional development for teachers to ensure such
teachers are adequately prepared to provide the instruction
required under this subsection.

(6) This subsection shall apply to schools
participating in the pilot program starting in the 2023-24
school year and the program shall be expanded in all
subsequent school years, with all school districts
participating by the 2025-26 school year.

86 (7) The department shall provide for a program 87 evaluation regarding the success and impact of the pilot 88 program upon completion of the first year of the pilot program and shall report the results of such evaluation to 89 the general assembly. The department may consult with 90 91 organizations including, but not limited to, the Holocaust education and awareness commission, the United States 92 93 Holocaust Museum, or the St. Louis Kaplan Feldman Holocaust 94 Museum to develop the evaluation.

162.058. 1. Before July 1, 2023, each school district and charter school shall, after receiving community input, implement a community engagement policy that provides residents of the school district methods of communicating with the school board or the governing board of a charter school located in the school district and with the administration of the school district or charter school.

8 2. The community engagement policy shall create a
 9 process allowing any resident of a school district to have

10 an item placed on the agenda of a school board meeting, or a 11 meeting of the governing board of a charter school located 12 in the school district, if the resident follows the process 13 described in the policy. Such policy shall contain at least 14 the following components:

(1) No item shall be placed on a meeting agenda under
this section unless the item is directly related to the
governance or operation of the school district or charter
school;

19 (2) The school district or charter school may require 20 the resident to first meet with the superintendent or the superintendent's designee to attempt a resolution of the 21 22 issue. The superintendent or the superintendent's designee 23 shall meet with the resident within twenty business days of 24 a written request to meet. After such meeting, or if the 25 superintendent or the superintendent's designee does not 26 meet with the resident within twenty business days, the 27 resident may submit a written request to the board secretary to have the issue brought before the school board or the 28 29 governing board as a meeting agenda item. If the secretary 30 receives the request at least five business days prior to the next regularly scheduled board meeting, the issue shall 31 32 be placed as an item on the agenda for such meeting. If the 33 secretary receives the request less than five days before 34 the next regularly scheduled board meeting, the issue shall be placed as an item on the agenda for the next subsequent 35 regular board meeting. An agenda item may be moved to a 36 different board meeting with the consent of the resident 37 38 requesting the agenda item;

39 (3) The school board or governing board may establish
40 reasonable rules governing agenda items including, but not
41 limited to, time limits for presentation or discussion of

42 the agenda item and limits on the number of speakers to a 43 single individual or to individuals who met with the 44 superintendent or the superintendent's designee before the 45 issue was brought before the board as a meeting agenda item;

(4) The school board or governing board may refuse to
hear or delay hearing an agenda item if the school board or
governing board has heard an identical or substantially
similar issue in the previous three calendar months or if
the resident has previously violated district rules
regarding conduct at meetings or on school property; and

52 The school board or governing board may delay (5) hearing an agenda item if more than three resident-initiated 53 agenda items are scheduled for the same board meeting. 54 If the hearing of a resident's agenda item is delayed, the 55 school board or governing board shall provide the resident 56 57 with an alternate method of communicating to the school 58 board or governing board regarding the agenda item.

162.084. 1. If any individual public elementary or secondary school, any charter school, or any school district is determined to be in the bottom five percent of scores on the annual performance report, such school, charter school, or district shall mail a letter to the parents and guardians of each student in such school, charter school, or district informing such parents and guardians:

8 (1) That the individual public elementary or secondary 9 school, charter school, or school district has been 10 determined to be in the bottom five percent of scores on the 11 annual performance report; and

(2) What options are available to such students as a
 result of the school's, charter school's, or district's
 current status.

15 2. (1) Rules relating to the annual performance 16 report rating shall require the department of elementary and 17 secondary education to display, in a clear and easily accessible manner on the department's website, the annual 18 performance report rating and ranking percentage for each 19 20 local education agency and each attendance center within the local education agency, the accreditation status for each 21 22 school district, and a list of the bottom five percent of 23 scores for all schools and for all local education agencies.

24 (2) Each local education agency shall display the same information outlined in subdivision (1) of this subsection 25 for the local education agency and each attendance center 26 within the local education agency in a clear and easily 27 28 accessible manner on the local education agency's website. 29 Information required to be posted on websites under this 30 subdivision shall be included in the annual school 31 accountability report card information required under section 160.522. 32

33 3. The requirements to mail a letter under subsection 34 1 of this section and display information on the local 35 education agency's website under subdivision (2) of 36 subsection 2 of this section shall not apply to any special 37 school district or state operated school in which all of the 38 students enrolled are students with disabilities.

162.261. 1. The government and control of a seven-2 director school district, other than an urban district, is vested in a board of education of seven members, who hold 3 their office for three years, except as provided in 4 [section] sections 162.241 and 162.563, and until their 5 6 successors are duly elected and qualified. Any vacancy occurring in the board shall be filled by the remaining 7 members of the board; except that if there are more than two 8

9 vacancies at any one time, the county commission upon 10 receiving written notice of the vacancies shall fill the 11 vacancies by appointment. If there are more than two vacancies at any one time in a county without a county 12 commission, the county executive upon receiving written 13 14 notice of the vacancies shall fill the vacancies, with the advice and consent of the county council, by appointment. 15 16 The person appointed shall hold office until the next municipal election, when a director shall be elected for the 17 18 unexpired term.

2. No seven-director, urban, or metropolitan school 19 district board of education shall hire a spouse of any 20 member of such board for a vacant or newly created position 21 unless the position has been advertised pursuant to board 22 policy and the superintendent of schools submits a written 23 24 recommendation for the employment of the spouse to the board 25 of education. The names of all applicants as well as the name of the applicant hired for the position [are to] shall 26 be included in the board minutes. 27

3. The provisions of Article VII, Section 6 of theMissouri Constitution apply to school districts.

162.281. Except as provided in section 162.563, in all
seven-director districts, including urban districts, when
directors are to be elected for terms of different lengths,
each candidate shall declare for a term of a specific number
of years and the different terms shall be voted upon as
separate propositions.

162.291. Except as provided in section 162.563, the
voters of each seven-director district other than urban
districts shall, at municipal elections, elect two directors
who are citizens of the United States and resident taxpayers
of the district, who have resided in [this state] the

6 district for one year next preceding their election or
7 appointment, and who are at least twenty-four years of age.
162.471. 1. The government and control of an urban
2 school district is vested in a board of seven directors.

3 2. Except as provided in section 162.563, each 4 director shall be a voter of the district who has resided within this state for one year next preceding [his] the 5 6 director's election or appointment and who is at least 7 twenty-four years of age. All directors, except as otherwise provided in [section] sections 162.481 [and 8 section], 162.492, and 162.563, shall hold their offices for 9 six years and until their successors are duly elected and 10 qualified. All vacancies occurring in the board, except as 11 provided in section 162.492, shall be filled by appointment 12 by the board as soon as practicable, and the person 13 appointed shall hold [his] office until the next school 14 15 board election, when [his] a successor shall be elected for the remainder of the unexpired term. The power of the board 16 17 to perform any official duty during the existence of a vacancy continues unimpaired thereby. 18

162.481. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this
section and [in section] sections 162.492 and 162.563, all
elections of school directors in urban school districts
shall be held biennially at the same times and places as
municipal elections.

6 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3, 4, 7 and 5 of this section, hereafter when a seven-director 8 district becomes an urban school district, the directors of 9 the prior seven-director district shall continue as 10 directors of the urban school district until the expiration 11 of the terms for which they were elected and until their 12 successors are elected as provided in this subsection. The

first biennial school election for directors shall be held 13 in the urban school district at the time provided in 14 15 subsection 1 which is on the date of or subsequent to the expiration of the terms of the directors of the prior 16 district which are first to expire, and directors shall be 17 elected to succeed the directors of the prior district whose 18 terms have expired. If the terms of two directors only have 19 20 expired, the directors elected at the first biennial school 21 election in the urban school district shall be elected for 22 terms of six years. If the terms of four directors have expired, two directors shall be elected for terms of six 23 years and two shall be elected for terms of four years. 24 At the next succeeding biennial election held in the urban 25 school district, successors for the remaining directors of 26 the prior seven-director district shall be elected. If only 27 28 two directors are to be elected they shall be elected for 29 terms of six years each. If four directors are to be elected, two shall be elected for terms of six years and two 30 shall be elected for terms of two years. After seven 31 directors of the urban school district have been elected 32 under this subsection, their successors shall be elected for 33 terms of six years. 34

35 3. In any school district in which a majority of the 36 district is located in any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-five thousand but fewer than two hundred 37 thousand inhabitants, elections shall be held annually at 38 the same times and places as general municipal elections for 39 all years where one or more terms expire, and the terms 40 shall be for three years and until their successors are duly 41 42 elected and qualified for all directors elected on and after August 28, 1998. 43

44 4. For any school district which becomes an urban school district by reason of the 2000 federal decennial 45 46 census, elections shall be held annually at the same times and places as general municipal elections for all years 47 where one or more terms expire, and the terms shall be for 48 49 three years and until their successors are duly elected and qualified for all directors elected on and after August 28, 50 51 2001.

52 5. In any school district in any county with a charter 53 form of government and with more than three hundred thousand but fewer than four hundred fifty thousand inhabitants which 54 becomes an urban school district by reason of the 2010 55 federal decennial census, elections shall be held annually 56 at the same times and places as general municipal elections 57 for all years where one or more terms expire, and the terms 58 shall be for three years and until their successors are duly 59 60 elected and qualified for all directors elected on and after April 2, 2012. 61

62 6. In any urban school district in a county of the first classification with more than eighty-three thousand 63 but fewer than ninety-two thousand inhabitants and with a 64 home rule city with more than seventy-six thousand but fewer 65 than ninety-one thousand inhabitants as the county seat, 66 67 elections shall be held annually at the same times and places as general municipal elections for all years where 68 one or more terms expire, and upon expiration of any term 69 after August 28, 2015, the term of office shall be for three 70 years and until their successors are duly elected and 71 qualified. 72

162.491. 1. Directors for urban school districts,
other than those districts containing the greater part of a
city of over one hundred thirty thousand inhabitants, may be

4 nominated by petition to be filed with the secretary of the 5 board and signed by a number of voters in the district equal 6 to ten percent of the total number of votes cast for the 7 director receiving the highest number of votes cast at the 8 next preceding biennial election, except as provided in 9 subsection 4 of this section.

10 2. This section shall not be construed as providing
11 the sole method of nominating candidates for the office of
12 school director in urban school districts [which] that do
13 not contain the greater part of a city of over three hundred
14 thousand inhabitants.

3. A director for any urban school district containing
a city of greater than one hundred thirty thousand
inhabitants and less than three hundred thousand inhabitants
may be nominated as an independent candidate by filing with
the secretary of the board a petition signed by five hundred
registered voters of such school district.

21 4. In any urban school district located in a county of 22 the first classification with more than eighty-three thousand but fewer than ninety-two thousand inhabitants and 23 with a home rule city with more than seventy-six thousand 24 but fewer than ninety-one thousand inhabitants as the county 25 seat, a candidate for director shall file a declaration of 26 27 candidacy with the secretary of the board and shall not be required to submit a petition. 28

5. No candidate for election as a school board
director representing a subdistrict as provided in section
162.563 shall be required to file a declaration of candidacy
as provided in this section as the sole method of filing for
candidacy.

162.563. 1. As used in this section, the following 2 terms mean:

3 (1) "School board", the board vested with the
4 government and control of a school district as described in
5 section 162.261 or section 162.471;

6 (2) "School district", a seven-director school
7 district or an urban school district established in this
8 chapter.

9 2. A school board may divide the school district into 10 seven subdistricts or a combination of subdistricts and at-11 large districts and establish the election of school board 12 members as provided in this section.

13 3. (1) A school board desiring to divide a school district as provided in this section shall vote on the 14 question of dividing the district as provided in this 15 16 Upon the approval of the question by at least four section. 17 members of the school board, the school board shall develop a proposed plan as described in subdivision (2) of this 18 19 subsection.

(2) A school board dividing a school district as
provided in this section shall develop and adopt a proposed
plan for the division of the school district. Such proposed
plan shall be adopted upon the approval of at least four
members of the school board and shall contain at least the
following information:

26 (a) A summary of the proposed plan for dividing the
 27 school district;

(b) A statement indicating whether the school district
will be divided into seven subdistricts or a combination of
subdistricts and at-large districts;

31 (c) A description of the areas of the school district 32 each newly elected school board member will represent, with 33 each subdistrict and at-large district represented by a 34 number;

35 (d) A statement indicating whether the existing school 36 board members will be replaced by the newly elected school 37 board members at one election or in succeeding elections to 38 provide for staggered terms of the members; and

39 (e) Any other information deemed necessary by the40 school board.

(3) After the school board develops such proposed 41 42 plan, the school board shall immediately notify the election 43 authority of the county in which the school district is 44 located. Upon receiving such notification, the election authority shall submit the question of whether to divide the 45 school district as described in the proposed plan to the 46 voters of the school district on the next available day for 47 any municipal election. If a majority of the registered 48 49 voters of the school district voting on the question approve 50 the division of the school district, the school board shall 51 follow the procedures described in subsection 4 of this If a majority of the registered voters of the 52 section. school district voting on the question reject the division 53 of the school district, no division, as described in this 54 section shall occur. 55

4. (1) After approval of a question submitted under
subdivision (3) of subsection 3 of this section, a school
board dividing a school district as provided in this section
shall adopt a final plan for the division of the school
district based on the proposed plan developed under
subsection 3 of this section. Such final plan shall contain
at least the following information:

(a) A summary of the proposed plan for dividing the
 school district;

(b) The time and place of at least two public hearings
 to be held to consider the proposed plan;

67 (c) A statement indicating whether the school district
68 will be divided into seven subdistricts or a combination of
69 subdistricts and at-large districts;

70 (d) A description of the areas of the school district 71 each newly elected school board member will represent, with 72 each subdistrict and at-large district represented by a 73 number;

(e) A statement indicating whether the existing school
board members will be replaced by the newly elected school
board members at one election or in succeeding elections to
provide for staggered terms of the members; and

(f) Any other information deemed necessary by theschool board.

80 (2) For each hearing held as provided in this81 subsection, the school board shall:

(a) Publish notice of the hearing, the proposed plan,
and any amendments to the proposed plan adopted at a
previous hearing on the school district's website and by any
other method allowed by law, with the first publication to
occur no more than thirty days before the hearing and the
second publication to occur no earlier than fifteen days and
no later than ten days before the hearing;

(b) Hear all alternate proposals for division of the
school district and receive evidence for or against such
alternate proposals;

92 (c) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or
93 against such proposed division;

94 (d) Vote on each alternate proposal and protest, which
95 vote shall be the final determination of such alternate
96 proposal or protest;

97

(e) Adopt any amendments to the proposed plan; and

98 (f) Perform any other actions related to the proposed 99 plan deemed necessary by the school board.

(3) (a) After the conclusion of the final hearing
proceedings but before adjourning such hearing, the school
board shall adopt the final plan to divide the school
district developed as a result of the hearings.

(b) After the school board adopts the final plan, the 104 105 school board shall present the final plan to the election 106 authority of the county in which the school district is 107 located for actions required under subdivision (4) of this subsection and publish the final plan in the same manner as 108 the initial proposed plan was published under paragraph (a) 109 of subdivision (2) of this subsection. The final plan shall 110 contain at least the following information: 111

a. A summary of the final plan for dividing the school
district;

b. A statement indicating whether the school district
will be divided into seven subdistricts or a combination of
subdistricts and at-large districts;

117 c. A description of the areas of the school district 118 each newly elected school board member will represent, with 119 each subdistrict and at-large district represented by a 120 number;

d. The date of the election of each new school board
member as provided in the final plan;

e. A statement indicating whether the existing school board members will be replaced by the newly elected school board members at one election or in succeeding elections to provide for staggered terms of the members; and

f. Any other information deemed necessary by theschool board.

129 (4) (a) After a final plan is adopted as provided in 130 subdivision (3) of this subsection, before December first of 131 the calendar year immediately preceding the general municipal election day in the calendar year in which the 132 residents of the school district will vote to elect new 133 134 school board members as provided in the final plan, the school board shall divide the school district into seven 135 subdistricts or a combination of subdistricts and at-large 136 137 districts as directed in the final plan. All subdistricts 138 required by the final plan shall be of contiguous and 139 compact territory and as nearly equal in population as practicable in accordance with the final plan. Within six 140 months after each decennial census is reported to the 141 President of the United States, the school board shall 142 143 reapportion the subdistricts to be as nearly equal in 144 population as practicable. After the school board divides 145 the school district or reapportions the subdistricts, the school board shall notify the residents of the school 146 district as provided by law. 147

148 Any resident of the school district who believes (b) the school board has divided the school district or 149 150 reapportioned subdistricts in violation of paragraph (a) of 151 this subdivision may petition the circuit court of the 152 county in which the school district exists for an order 153 directing the school board to divide the school district or reapportion the subdistricts as provided in paragraph (a) of 154 The petition shall be submitted to the 155 this subdivision. 156 circuit court within ten business days of the school board's 157 notice required in paragraph (a) of this subdivision.

(5) On the first day available for candidate filing
 for the first general municipal election occurring after the
 school district is divided as provided in this subsection,

161 any qualified resident who has or will have resided in a subdistrict or at-large district for the year immediately 162 163 preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the school board as a member 164 representing such subdistrict or at-large district. At the 165 166 end of the time available for candidate filing, if no qualified resident of a subdistrict has filed as a candidate 167 168 in that subdistrict, the election authority shall extend the 169 time for candidate filing by seven additional days, and any 170 qualified resident of the school district who has or will 171 have resided in the school district for the year immediately 172 preceding the general municipal election day may file as a candidate for election to the school board as a member 173 representing that subdistrict. No school district shall 174 175 require a candidate to submit a petition signed by the 176 registered voters of the school district as a method of 177 filing a declaration of candidacy. The election authority shall determine the validity of all declarations of 178 179 candidacy.

180 (6) When the election is held on the general municipal election day, the seven candidates, one from each of the 181 subdistricts or at-large districts, who receive a plurality 182 183 of the votes cast by the voters of that subdistrict or at-184 large district shall be elected. Any candidate who is not a 185 subdistrict resident but qualifies as a candidate as a school district resident as provided in subdivision (5) of 186 this subsection shall be elected by the voters of the school 187 district. Each member shall be elected to a term as 188 provided in the final plan adopted as provided in 189 190 subdivision (3) of this subsection.

(7) Each member shall serve until a successor is
 elected or the member vacates the office. Any vacancy that

occurs before the end of the member's term shall be filled
as provided in section 162.261 or 162.471.

(8) Except for a member who is not a subdistrict
resident but is elected as a school district resident to
represent a subdistrict as provided in subdivision (5) of
this subsection, each member shall reside in the subdistrict
the member represents during the member's term.

(9) All other provisions applicable to school
districts that are not in conflict with this subsection
shall apply to school districts divided as provided in this
subsection.

204 5. (1) If any school district receives a petition, signed by at least ten percent of the number of registered 205 206 voters of the school district voting in the last school 207 board election, calling for the school district to divide 208 into seven subdistricts or a combination of subdistricts and 209 at-large districts and establish the election of school board members as provided in this subsection, the school 210 district shall immediately notify the election authority of 211 212 the county in which the school district is located. Upon receiving such notification, the election authority shall 213 214 submit the question of whether to divide the school district 215 as provided by the petition to the voters of the school 216 district on the next available day for any municipal 217 election. If a majority of the registered voters of the school district voting on the question approve the division 218 of the school district, the school board shall begin the 219 220 process of adopting the plan as described in this 221 If a majority of the registered voters of the subsection. 222 school district voting on the question reject the division 223 of the school district, no division as described in the 224 petition shall occur.

(2) (a) Any such petition submitted to the school
district as provided in this subsection shall contain a
proposed plan for the division of the school district. Such
proposed plan shall contain at least the following
information:

a. A summary of the proposed plan for dividing the
 school district;

b. A statement indicating whether the school district
will be divided into seven subdistricts or a combination of
subdistricts and at-large districts;

c. A description of the areas of the school district each newly elected school board member will represent, with each subdistrict and at-large district represented by a number;

239 d. The proposed date of the election of each new
240 school board member as provided in the proposed plan;

e. A statement indicating whether the existing school
board members will be replaced by the newly elected school
board members at one election or in succeeding elections to
provide for staggered terms of the members; and

245 f. Any other information deemed necessary by the 246 school board.

(b) If a division of the school district is approved
by the voters as provided in subdivision (1) of this
subsection, the school board shall create a school district
division commission to develop a final plan for division of
the school district. The commission shall:

252

a. Be composed of nine members as follows:

(i) Three members appointed by the superintendent of
 the school district;

(ii) Three members appointed by the county commission;
 and

(iii) Three members appointed by the organizers of the
 petition to divide the school district; and

b. Set the time and place of at least two hearings to
be held to consider the proposed plan. For each hearing
held, the commission shall:

(i) Publish notice of the hearing, the proposed plan,
and any amendments to the proposed plan adopted at a
previous hearing on the school district's website and by any
other method allowed by law, with the first publication to
occur no more than thirty days before the hearing and the
second publication to occur no earlier than fifteen days and
no later than ten days before the hearing;

(ii) Conduct the hearing on the proposal for division
of the district on behalf of the petitioners;

271 (iii) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or
272 against such proposed division; and

273 (iv) Vote to adopt any proposed plan amendments agreed
274 to by the petitioners as a result of the hearings.

Within ninety days after the adjournment of the 275 (C) final hearing conducted as provided in this subdivision, the 276 277 commission shall submit the final plan to the election authority of the county in which the school district is 278 279 located for actions required in subdivision (3) of this 280 subsection and publish the final plan in the same manner as the initial proposed plan was published as provided in item 281 (i) of subparagraph b. of paragraph (b) of this 282 The final plan shall contain at least the 283 subdivision. following information: 284

a. A summary of the final plan for dividing the school
 district;

287 b. A statement indicating whether the school district
288 will be divided into seven subdistricts or a combination of
289 subdistricts and at-large districts;

290 c. A description of the areas of the school district 291 each newly elected school board member will represent, with 292 each subdistrict and at-large district represented by a 293 number;

294 d. The date of the election of each new school board 295 member as provided in the final plan;

e. A statement indicating whether the existing school
board members will be replaced by the newly elected school
board members at one election or in succeeding elections to
provide for staggered terms of the members; and

300 f. Any other information deemed necessary by the 301 commission.

302 (3) (a) After a final plan is submitted to the 303 election authority as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, before December first of the calendar year 304 immediately preceding the general municipal election day in 305 306 the calendar year in which the residents of the school district will vote to elect new school board members as 307 provided in the final plan, the school district division 308 309 commission shall divide the school district into seven 310 subdistricts or a combination of subdistricts and at-large 311 districts as directed in the final plan. All subdistricts required by the final plan shall be of contiguous and 312 compact territory and as nearly equal in population as 313 practicable in accordance with the final plan. Within six 314 months after each decennial census is reported to the 315 316 President of the United States, the commission shall 317 reapportion the subdistricts to be as nearly equal in population as practicable. After the commission divides the 318

319 school district or reapportions the subdistricts, the 320 commission shall notify the residents of the school district 321 as provided by law.

Any resident of the school district who believes 322 (b) the school district division commission has divided the 323 324 school district or reapportioned subdistricts in violation of paragraph (a) of this subdivision may petition the 325 326 circuit court of the county in which the school district 327 exists for an order directing the commission to divide the 328 school district or reapportion the subdistricts as provided 329 in paragraph (a) of this subdivision. The petition shall be submitted to the circuit court within ten business days of 330 the commission's notice provided in paragraph (a) of this 331 332 subdivision.

333 (4) On the first day available for candidate filing 334 for the first general municipal election occurring after the 335 school district is divided as provided in this subsection, any qualified resident who has or will have resided in a 336 subdistrict or at-large district for the year immediately 337 preceding the general municipal election day may file as a 338 candidate for election to the school board as a member 339 representing such subdistrict or at-large district. At the 340 341 end of the time available for candidate filing, if no 342 qualified resident of a subdistrict has filed as a candidate 343 in that subdistrict, the election authority shall extend the time for candidate filing by seven additional days, and any 344 qualified resident of the school district who has or will 345 have resided in the school district for the year immediately 346 preceding the general municipal election day may file as a 347 348 candidate for election to the school board as a member 349 representing that subdistrict. No school district shall 350 require a candidate to submit a petition signed by the

351 registered voters of the school district as a method of 352 filing a declaration of candidacy. The election authority 353 shall determine the validity of all declarations of 354 candidacy.

(5) When the election is held on the general municipal 355 356 election day, the seven candidates, one from each of the subdistricts or at-large districts, who receive a plurality 357 358 of the votes cast by the voters of that subdistrict shall be 359 elected. Any candidate who is not a subdistrict resident but qualifies as a candidate as a school district resident 360 as provided in subdivision (4) of this subsection shall be 361 elected by the voters of the school district. Each member 362 shall be elected to a term as provided in the final plan 363 364 approved as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

(6) Each member shall serve until a successor is
elected or the member vacates the office. Any vacancy that
occurs before the end of the member's term shall be filled
as provided in section 162.261 or 162.471.

369 (7) Except for a member who is not a subdistrict 370 resident but is elected as a school district resident to 371 represent a subdistrict as provided in subdivision (4) of 372 this subsection, each member shall reside in the subdistrict 373 the member represents during the member's term.

(8) All other provisions applicable to school
districts that are not in conflict with this subsection
shall apply to school districts divided as provided in this
subsection.

6. No new plan for division of the school district shall be proposed or adopted as provided in this section sooner than five years after a division of the school district as provided in this section.

162.720. 1. (1) This subdivision shall apply to all school years ending before July 1, 2024. Where a sufficient 2 number of children are [determined to be] identified as 3 gifted and their development requires programs or services 4 beyond the level of those ordinarily provided in regular 5 6 public school programs, districts may establish special programs for such gifted children. 7

8 (2) For school year 2024-25 and all subsequent school 9 years, if three percent or more of students enrolled in a 10 school district are identified as gifted and their 11 development requires programs or services beyond the level 12 of those ordinarily provided in regular public school 13 programs, the district shall establish a state-approved 14 gifted program for gifted children.

15 2. For school year 2024-25 and all subsequent school 16 years, any teacher providing gifted services to students in 17 districts with an average daily attendance of more than three hundred fifty students shall be certificated in gifted 18 In districts with an average daily attendance of 19 education. 20 three hundred fifty students or fewer, any teacher providing 21 gifted services shall not be required to be certificated to 22 teach gifted education but such teacher shall annually 23 participate in at least six clock hours of professional 24 development focused on gifted services. The school district shall pay for such professional development focused on 25 gifted services. 26

The state board of education shall determine
 standards for such gifted programs and gifted services.
 Approval of [such] gifted programs shall be made by the
 state department of elementary and secondary education based
 upon project applications submitted [by July fifteenth of

each year] at a time and in a form determined by the
department of elementary and secondary education.

[3.] 4. No district shall [make a determination as to
whether] identify a child [is] as gifted based on the
child's participation in an advanced placement course or
international baccalaureate course. Districts shall
[determine] identify a child [is] as gifted only if the
child meets the definition of gifted children as provided in
section 162.675.

[4.] 5. Any district with a gifted education program 41 approved under subsection [2] 3 of this section shall have a 42 policy, approved by the board of education of the district, 43 that establishes a process that outlines the procedures and 44 conditions under which parents or quardians may request a 45 review of the decision [that determined] that their child 46 47 did not qualify to receive services through the district's gifted education program. 48

49 [5.] 6. School districts and school district employees
50 shall be immune from liability for any and all acts or
51 omissions relating to the decision that a child did not
52 qualify to receive services through the district's gifted
53 education program.

54 7. The department of elementary and secondary 55 education may promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the implementation and administration of this section. 56 Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 57 section 536.010, that is created under the authority 58 59 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 60 61 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This 62 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the 63 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter

536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2022, shall be invalid and void.

1. The state department of elementary and 162.974. 2 secondary education shall reimburse school districts, including special school districts, for the special 3 4 educational costs of high-need children with an 5 individualized education program exceeding three times the 6 current expenditure per average daily attendance as calculated on the district annual secretary of the board 7 report for the year in which expenditures are claimed. For 8 any school district with an average daily attendance of five 9 hundred students or fewer, the calculation of three times 10 the current expenditure per average daily attendance shall 11 12 not include any moneys reimbursed to a school district under 13 this section.

A school district shall submit, through timely
application, as determined by the state department of
elementary and secondary education, the cost of serving any
high-needs student with an individualized education program,
as provided in subsection 1 of this section.

162.1255. 1. As used in this section, the following
2 terms mean:

3 (1) "Competency-based credit", credit awarded by
4 school districts and charter schools to high school students
5 upon demonstration of competency as determined by a school
6 district. Such credit shall be awarded upon receipt of
7 "proficient" or "advanced" on an end-of-course assessment;

8 (2) "Prior year average attendance percentage", the
9 quotient of the district or charter school's prior year

average daily attendance divided by the district or charterschool's prior year average yearly enrollment.

2. School districts and charter schools shall receive
state school funding under sections 163.031, 163.043,
163.044, and 163.087 for resident pupils enrolled in the
school district or charter school and taking competencybased courses offered by the school district.

17 3. For purposes of calculation and distribution of state aid under section 163.031, attendance of a student 18 enrolled in a district's or charter school's competency-19 based courses shall equal, upon course completion, the 20 product of the district's or charter school's prior year 21 average attendance percentage multiplied by the total number 22 23 of attendance hours normally allocable to a noncompetency-24 based course of equal credit value.

163.016. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 163.011, for any school district located in more than one 3 county and whose headquarters are located within a city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand five 4 hundred but fewer than two thousand six hundred inhabitants 5 and located in more than one county, the county signified in 6 7 the school district number shall be the county in the 8 district with the highest dollar value modifier.

9 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 163.011 10 to the contrary, for any school district located in more than one county and whose headquarters are located within a 11 city with more than two thousand seven hundred but fewer 12 than three thousand inhabitants and located in a county with 13 more than fourteen thousand but fewer than fifteen thousand 14 15 seven hundred inhabitants and with a county seat with more 16 than two thousand but fewer than three thousand inhabitants, the county signified in the school district number shall be 17

18 the county in the district with the highest dollar value 19 modifier.

20 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 163.011 21 to the contrary, for any school district located in more 22 than one county and whose headquarters are located within a 23 city with more than one thousand one hundred seventy but fewer than one thousand three hundred inhabitants and 24 25 located in a county with more than sixty thousand but fewer 26 than seventy thousand inhabitants, the county signified in 27 the school district number shall be the county in the 28 district with the highest dollar value modifier.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 163.011 29 4. to the contrary, for any school district located in more 30 31 than one county and whose headquarters are located within a 32 city with more than one thousand three hundred but fewer than one thousand five hundred inhabitants and partially 33 34 located in a county with more than eight thousand but fewer than eight thousand nine hundred inhabitants and with a 35 county seat with more than three hundred but fewer than six 36 hundred inhabitants, the county signified in the school 37 38 district number shall be the county in the district with the highest dollar value modifier. 39

167.151. 1. The school board of any district, in its
discretion, may admit to the school pupils not entitled to
free instruction and prescribe the tuition fee to be paid by
them, except as provided in subdivision (2) of subsection 3
of this section and in sections 167.121, 167.131, 167.132,
and 167.895.

7 2. Orphan children, children with only one parent
8 living, and children whose parents do not contribute to
9 their support-if the children are between the ages of six
10 and twenty years and are unable to pay tuition-may attend

the schools of any district in the state in which they have 11 a permanent or temporary home without paying a tuition fee. 12 13 3. (1) For all school years ending on or before June 30, 2023, any [person] individual who pays a school tax in 14 any other district than that in which [he] such individual 15 16 resides may send [his] such individual's children to any public school in the district in which the tax is paid and 17 18 receive as a credit on the amount charged for tuition the amount of the school tax paid to the district; except that 19 20 any [person] individual who owns real estate of which eighty acres or more are used for agricultural purposes and upon 21 which [his] such individual's residence is situated may send 22 [his] **such individual's** children to public school in any 23 school district in which a part of such real estate, 24 25 contiguous to that upon which [his] such individual's residence is situated, lies and shall not be charged tuition 26 27 therefor; so long as thirty-five percent of the real estate is located in the school district of choice. The school 28 district of choice shall count the children in its average 29 daily attendance for the purpose of distribution of state 30 aid through the foundation formula. 31

32 (2) For all school years beginning on or after July 1, 2023, any current owner of residential real property or 33 34 agricultural real property or a named beneficiary of a trust that currently owns residential real property or 35 agricultural real property and that pays a school tax in a 36 district or districts other than the district in which such 37 current owner or current beneficiary resides may send up to 38 four of such owner's or beneficiary's children to a public 39 40 school, excluding a charter school, in any district in which 41 such owner or trust pays such school tax. For purposes of 42 this subdivision, "residential real property" shall not

43 include any multi-family residential property which exceeds 44 four units. An owner or a named beneficiary of a trust that currently owns residential real property shall not be 45 permitted under this subdivision to send their child to a 46 district outside of the county in which they currently 47 48 reside. Such owner or beneficiary shall send thirty days' written notice to all school districts involved specifying 49 which school district each child will attend. Such owner or 50 51 beneficiary shall also present proof of the owner's or 52 trust's annual payment of at least two thousand dollars of school taxes levied on the real property specified in this 53 subdivision within such school district and ownership of the 54 specified real property for not less than the immediately 55 preceding four consecutive years. Neither the resident nor 56 57 nonresident districts shall be responsible for providing 58 transportation services under this subdivision. The school 59 district attended shall count a child attending under this subdivision in its average daily attendance for the purpose 60 of distribution of state aid under chapter 163, except that 61 such nonresident students shall not be counted in the 62 district's average daily attendance for the purposes of 63 determining eligibility for aid payments under section 64 65 163.044.

66 4. For any school year ending on or before June 30, 2023, any owner of agricultural land who, pursuant to 67 subsection 3 of this section, has the option of sending his 68 children to the public schools of more than one district 69 shall exercise such option as provided in this subsection. 70 Such person shall send written notice to all school 71 72 districts involved specifying to which school district his children will attend by June thirtieth in which such a 73 school year begins. If notification is not received, such 74

75 children shall attend the school in which the majority of 76 his property lies. Such person shall not send any of his 77 children to the public schools of any district other than 78 the one to which he has sent notice pursuant to this 79 subsection in that school year or in which the majority of 80 his property lies without paying tuition to such school 81 district.

82 5. If a pupil is attending school in a district other than the district of residence and the pupil's parent is 83 84 teaching in the school district or is a regular employee of the school district which the pupil is attending, then the 85 district in which the pupil attends school shall allow the 86 pupil to attend school upon payment of tuition in the same 87 manner in which the district allows other pupils not 88 entitled to free instruction to attend school in the 89 90 district. The provisions of this subsection shall apply 91 only to pupils attending school in a district which has an enrollment in excess of thirteen thousand pupils and not in 92 excess of fifteen thousand pupils and which district is 93 94 located in a county [of the first classification] with a charter form of government which has a population in excess 95 of six hundred thousand persons and not in excess of nine 96 hundred thousand persons. 97

167.225. 1. As used in subsections 1 to 4 of this
2 section, the following terms mean:

3 (1) "Braille", the system of reading and writing4 through touch;

5 (2) "Student", any student who has an impairment in
6 vision that, even with correction, adversely affects a
7 child's educational performance and who is determined
8 eligible for special education services under the
9 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

All students shall receive instruction in braille 10 2. reading and writing as part of their individualized 11 12 education plan unless the individual education program team determines, after an evaluation of a student's reading and 13 writing skills, needs, and appropriate reading and writing 14 media, including an evaluation of the student's future needs 15 for instruction in braille or the use of braille, that 16 17 instruction in braille or the use of braille is not appropriate. No student shall be denied instruction in 18 19 braille reading and writing solely because the student has some remaining vision. 20

3. Instruction in braille reading and writing shall be sufficient to enable each student to communicate effectively and efficiently at a level commensurate with the student's sighted peers of comparable grade level and intellectual functioning. The student's individualized education plan shall specify:

(1) How braille will be implemented as the primary mode for learning through integration with normal classroom activities. If braille will not be provided to a child who is blind, the reason for not incorporating it in the individualized education plan shall be documented therein;

32 (2) The date on which braille instruction will33 commence;

34 (3) The level of competency in braille reading and
35 writing to be achieved by the end of the period covered by
36 the individualized education plan; and

37

(4) The duration of each session.

38 4. As part of the certification process, teachers
39 certified in the education of blind and visually impaired
40 children shall be required to demonstrate competence in
41 reading and writing braille. The department of elementary

and secondary education shall adopt assessment procedures to
assess such competencies which are consistent with standards
adopted by the National Library Service for the Blind and
Physically Handicapped, Library of Congress, Washington, D.
C.

47 5. (1) Subsections 5 to 9 of this section shall be
48 known and may be cited as the "Blind Students' Rights to
49 Independence, Training, and Education Act" or the "BRITE
50 Act".

51 (2) As used in subsections 5 to 9 of this section, the 52 following terms mean:

(a) "Accessible assistive technology device", an
assistive technology device, as defined in 20 U.S.C. Section
1401, as amended, that provides blind or visually impaired
students the benefits of an educational program in an
equally effective and integrated manner as that provided to
nondisabled students;

(b) "Adequate instruction", the quality teaching of blind or visually impaired students, as it pertains to general education and necessary blindness skills, in alignment with the U.S. Department of Education's definition of free appropriate public education, as defined in 20 U.S.C. Section 1401, as amended;

65

(c) "Blind or visually impaired student":

66

a. A child who:

(i) Has an individualized education program (IEP) or
an individualized family service plan (IFSP), as such terms
are defined in 20 U.S.C. Section 1401, as amended, or a 504
plan created under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation
Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Section 794, as amended; and

(ii) Is identified as having the disability of "visual
 impairment (including blindness)" within the definition of

74 "child with a disability" in 20 U.S.C. Section 1401, as 75 amended; or

b. An individual who is deaf-blind under the federal
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), as
amended, or other federal law;

79 (d) "Braille", the system of reading and writing 80 through touch;

(e) "Expanded core curriculum", a disability-specific
curriculum that compensates for vision loss, is foundational
to all other learning, and that covers the nine essential
areas of compensatory access, sensory efficiency, assistive
technology, orientation and mobility, social interaction,
recreation and leisure, independent living, selfdetermination, and career education;

(f) "Grade level instruction", instruction that aligns with state-designated content standards and curricula for students of the same age or level of maturity, based on the development of intellectual, emotional, physical, and behavioral capacity that is typical for the student's age or age group;

94 (g) "Local educational agency" or "LEA", the same
95 definition as in 20 U.S.C. Section 1401, as amended;

96 (h) "Nonvisual access", the ability of a blind or
97 visually impaired student to use all functions of a device,
98 without using the student's vision, in an equally effective,
99 equally integrated manner and with equivalent ease of use as
100 the student's sighted peers;

(i) "Nonvisual skills", skills that are taught in such
a way that the student does not need to use any vision;

(j) "State educational agency", the same definition as
 in 20 U.S.C. Section 1401, as amended;

(k) "Technology-mediated learning environments and
 methods", the settings in which electronic and information
 technology including, but not limited to, the following is
 used:

a. Computer-based applications and simulations;
b. Personal and mobile computing devices such as

111 smartphones or tablets;

112 c. Web-based platforms;

113 d. Online or distance-learning programs;

114 e. Video games; and

f. Exhibits or installations that feature digital media, wearable technology, or other tools that support participants' engagement with new knowledge, skills, or practices;

(1) "U.S. Access Board", the independent federal
agency created in 1973 that promotes equality for people
with disabilities through leadership in accessible design
and the development of accessibility guidelines and
standards.

124 6. (1) Each blind or visually impaired student shall receive instruction in Braille reading and writing as part 125 of such student's individualized education program (IEP) or 126 127 individualized family support plan (IFSP) unless the IEP or 128 IFSP team determines, after an evaluation of the student's 129 reading and writing skills, needs, and appropriate reading and writing media including, but not limited to, an 130 evaluation of the student's needs for instruction in Braille 131 or the use of Braille, that instruction in Braille or the 132 use of Braille is not appropriate. No blind or visually 133 134 impaired student shall be denied instruction in Braille 135 reading and writing solely because the student has some 136 vision. During the evaluation and IEP process,

137 consideration shall be given regarding appropriate Braille
138 instruction based on a potential vision loss due to a
139 degenerative medical diagnosis.

In conjunction with the U.S. Department of 140 (2) Education's Braille presumption requirement in the federal 141 142 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), as amended, instruction in Braille reading and writing shall be 143 144 sufficient to enable each blind or visually impaired student 145 to communicate effectively and efficiently at a level 146 commensurate with the student's same age and with the 147 student's nondisabled peers of comparable intellectual The blind or visually impaired student's 148 ability. individualized education program (IEP) or individualized 149 family support plan (IFSP) shall specify: 150

151 (a) The results obtained from an evaluation of the 152 blind or visually impaired student's reading and writing 153 skills, needs, and appropriate reading and writing media 154 including, but not limited to, an evaluation of the blind or visually impaired student's needs for instruction in Braille 155 or the use of Braille including, but not limited to, 156 157 consideration regarding appropriate Braille instruction based on a potential vision loss due to a degenerative 158 159 medical diagnosis;

(b) How Braille will be implemented, if needed as
 determined by the IEP team, as a primary mode for learning
 through integration with other classroom activities;

(c) The length of the period of instruction and the
frequency and duration of each instructional session as
determined by the IEP team, which shall, as closely as
appropriate based on individual needs, be identical to the
level of instruction provided to nondisabled peers; and

(d) The level of competency in Braille reading and
 writing to be achieved by the end of the period.

(3) Use, and provision, of Braille materials for
reading and writing shall be addressed in 504 plans for
blind or visually impaired students created under Section
504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C.
Section 794, as amended.

175 7. In conjunction with academic achievement and
176 functional performance requirements of 34 CFR
177 300.320(a)(2)(i), as amended, instruction in expanded core
178 curriculum shall be provided to blind or visually impaired
179 students to support progress in the general education
180 curriculum.

181 8. (1) Each blind or visually impaired student shall 182 receive instruction in assistive technology as part of the 183 student's individualized education program (IEP) or 184 individualized family support plan (IFSP) unless the IEP or IFSP team determines, after an evaluation of a student's 185 needs, that instruction in assistive technology is not 186 appropriate. No student shall be denied instruction in 187 188 assistive technology solely because the student has some 189 vision.

190 (2) In conjunction with accessible assistive 191 technology requirements of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) in 20 U.S.C. 192 193 1412(a)(12)(B)(i), as amended, the blind or visually 194 impaired student shall receive grade-level instruction that 195 will equip the blind or visually impaired student with the 196 appropriate technology-mediated learning environments and 197 methods to perform on the same level of proficiency expected 198 of peers of comparable intellectual ability and grade

199 level. The blind or visually impaired student's IEP or IFSP 200 shall specify:

(a) The results obtained from an assessment of the
blind or visually impaired student's skills, needs, and
appropriate accessible assistive technology including, but
not limited to, an evaluation of the future needs for
accessible assistive technology training or the use of
accessible assistive technology;

(b) How accessible assistive technology will be
implemented as a primary mode for learning through
integration with other classroom activities;

210 (c) The frequency and duration of each instructional211 session;

(d) The level of mastery of the accessible assistive
technology specified by the blind or visually impaired
student's assessment to be achieved by the end of the
period; and

216

(e) Acknowledgment that either:

a. The blind or visually impaired student may
transport the accessible assistive technology to and from
school without the need for payment, family assumption of
liability for loss or damage, or any other cost to the blind
or visually impaired student or the family; or

222 b. If the accessible assistive technology remains at 223 school, the LEA will provide duplicate accessible assistive 224 technology in the blind or visually impaired student's home 225 without requiring payment, family assumption of liability 226 for loss or damage, or any other cost to the blind or 227 visually impaired student or the family.

(3) Use, and provision, of accessible assistive
 technology shall be addressed in 504 plans for blind or
 visually impaired students created under Section 504 of the

federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Section 794,
as amended.

Each blind or visually impaired student shall 233 9. (1) 234 receive instruction in orientation and mobility as part of the student's individualized education program (IEP) or 235 236 individualized family support plan (IFSP) unless the IEP or IFSP team determines, after an evaluation of a student's 237 238 needs, that instruction in orientation and mobility is not 239 appropriate. No student shall be denied instruction in 240 orientation and mobility solely because the student has some 241 vision.

242 (2) In conjunction with orientation and mobility services requirements of 34 CFR 300.34(c)(7), as amended, 243 244 blind or visually impaired students shall receive 245 orientation and mobility instruction to equip each blind or 246 visually impaired student with the age-appropriate tools, 247 techniques, and nonvisual skills to navigate in and around the student's home, schools, communities, and other 248 environments as applicable, and as expected of peers of 249 250 comparable intellectual ability and grade level. The blind 251 or visually impaired student's IEP or IFSP shall specify:

(a) The results obtained from an evaluation of the
blind or visually impaired student's orientation and
mobility needs including, but not limited to, an evaluation
of the blind or visually impaired student's future needs for
instruction in orientation and mobility;

(b) How orientation and mobility will be integrated
 into the home, school, and community;

(c) The date on which orientation and mobility
 instruction will commence;

261 (d) The frequency and duration of each instructional
 262 session; and

(e) The level of mastery of orientation and mobility
skills to be achieved by the end of the period.

265 (3) Orientation and mobility equipment,
266 accommodations, and modifications shall be addressed in 504
267 plans for blind or visually impaired students created under
268 Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29
269 U.S.C. Section 794, as amended.

(4) An orientation and mobility evaluation shall be 270 271 conducted by a person who is appropriately certified by the National Blindness Professional Certification Board (NBPCB) 272 with a National Orientation and Mobility Certification 273 (NOMC), or through the Academy for Certification of Vision 274 Rehabilitation and Education Professionals (ACVREP) as a 275 Certified Orientation and Mobility Specialist (COMS), or who 276 277 holds a nationally recognized certification related to 278 orientation and mobility.

(5) The orientation and mobility evaluations described in subdivision (4) of this subsection shall occur in familiar and unfamiliar environments, during the daytime and nighttime, and around the home, school, and community as determined age appropriate by the blind or visually impaired student's IEP or IFSP.

285 10. (1) As part of the state educational agency's 286 certification and renewal process, educators hired to teach Braille shall be certified teachers of students with visual 287 impairments, hold a current and valid National Certification 288 in Unified English Braille (NCUEB) working under the 289 290 supervision of a reading specialist, or hold a nationally 291 recognized certification related to Braille instruction.

(2) As part of the state educational agency's
 certification and renewal process, educators hired to teach
 accessible assistive technology shall be certified teachers

of students with visual impairments, hold a valid and current Certified Assistive Technology Instructional Specialist for People with Visual Impairments (CATIS), or hold a valid and current National Certification in Access Technology for the Blind (NCATB) or other nationally recognized certification related to assistive technology instruction for individuals with visual impairments.

302 (3) As part of the state educational agency's 303 certification and renewal process, specialists hired to 304 teach orientation and mobility shall hold a valid and current National Orientation and Mobility Certification 305 (NOMC) or hold a current and valid Certified Orientation and 306 Mobility Specialist (COMS) certification or other nationally 307 recognized certification related to orientation and mobility 308 309 instruction for individuals with visual impairments.

LEAs shall deliver services to blind or 310 11. (1) 311 visually impaired students in a manner that at all times abides by requirements of the federal Individuals with 312 Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Title II of the Americans 313 with Disabilities Act, and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 314 as amended, including during declared local, state, or 315 national emergencies. 316

317 (2) LEAs shall seek and obtain proof of currently
318 available certified professionals from any company, agency,
319 or individual the LEA intends to contract with for services
320 outlined in subsections 5 to 9 of this section.

(3) LEAs shall not impose any preclusions or
limitations on a student to receive instruction in
orientation and mobility services in and around the home,
school, or community setting including during daytime and
nighttime hours.

(4) LEAs may require annual written parental consent
to conduct effective instruction when such services are
provided before or after regular school hours or when such
services are provided away from the educational institution
or the blind or visually impaired student's residence.

331 If an LEA prohibits an orientation and mobility (5) instructor from using the instructor's preferred mode of 332 333 transportation to transport blind or visually impaired 334 students to and from outside environments, the LEA shall 335 provide an equally effective transportation alternative for that purpose without cost to the orientation and mobility 336 If the blind or visually impaired student's 337 instructor. family provides transportation for the student, the LEA 338 339 shall reimburse the expense.

12. (1) If an LEA requires an eye report, the LEA
shall bear all costs associated with obtaining such report.
LEAs shall not delay an evaluation for eligibility based on
the absence or delay of such report.

344 (2) All electronic and information technology
345 developed, procured, maintained, or used by LEAs shall be
346 compliant with the U.S. Access Board's Section 508
347 standards, as amended.

(3) LEAs shall anticipate the need for nonvisual
accessibility and adopt policies and procedures to reduce or
eliminate common barriers experienced by blind or visually
impaired students, parents, educators, administrators, and
other staff.

13. Subsections 1 to 4 of this section shall apply in all school years ending before July 1, 2022. Subsections 5 to 12 of this section shall apply in school year 2022-23 and all subsequent school years.

167.268. 1. Each [local] school district and charter 2 **school** shall have on file a policy for reading 3 [intervention] success plans [for any pupils of the district in grades kindergarten through three pursuant to the 4 provisions of this section. Such plans shall identify 5 6 strategies to be followed by the district teachers to raise a pupil identified as reading below grade level by 7 8 recognized methods to reading at grade level by the end of 9 the third grade. Recognized methods of identification may 10 include but need not be limited to the scores of the pupil obtained through any established standardized testing 11 program currently administered by the district, observations 12 of classroom teachers, and documented classroom 13 14 performance]. Each school district and charter school shall provide all parents and guardians of students, including 15 16 parents of students who are identified as having a 17 substantial deficiency in reading under subsection 1 of section 167.645, with suggestions for regular parent-guided 18 home reading. 19

20 2. [The state board of education] The department of elementary and secondary education shall develop guidelines 21 22 to assist districts **and charter schools** in formulating policies for reading [intervention] success plans. Such 23 24 quidelines may include, but are not limited to, measures of 25 reading proficiency, strategies for addressing reading deficiencies, timelines for measuring pupil improvement in 26 reading, and information on screening [for and treatment] of 27 [auditory] dyslexia[, and information on the Lindamood 28 Auditory Conceptualization Test and the Auditory 29 30 Discrimination in Depth Program]. Such guidelines may also identify performance levels for pupils identified as 31 handicapped or severely handicapped and conditions under 32

which such pupils [are] may be exempt from the provisions of
this section and section 167.645.

Each local school district enrolling a pupil 35 3. identified as reading below grade level shall develop an 36 individual plan of reading intervention for such pupil. The 37 individual pupil's plan may include individual or group 38 reading development activities. The plan may be developed 39 40 after consultation with the pupil's parent or legal 41 guardian] Each school district and charter school shall 42 provide intensive reading instruction to students as 43 provided in section 167.645.

167.625. 1. This section shall be known and may be 2 cited as "Will's Law".

3

2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Individualized emergency health care plan", a 4 5 document developed by a school nurse, in consultation with a 6 student's parent and other appropriate medical professionals, that is consistent with the recommendations 7 of the student's health care providers, that describes 8 9 procedural guidelines that provide specific directions about 10 what to do in a particular emergency situation, and that is signed by the parent and the school nurse or the school 11 12 administrator or the administrator's designee in the absence 13 of the school nurse;

14 (2) "Individualized health care plan", a document developed by a school nurse, in consultation with a 15 student's parent and other appropriate medical professionals 16 who may be providing epilepsy or seizure disorder care to 17 the student, that is consistent with the recommendations of 18 the student's health care providers, that describes the 19 20 health services needed by the student at school, and that is signed by the parent and the school nurse or the school 21

22 administrator or the administrator's designee in the absence 23 of the school nurse;

"Parent", a parent, guardian, or other person 24 (3) having charge, control, or custody of a student; 25

"School", any public elementary or secondary 26 (4) 27 school or charter school;

28

"School employee", a person employed by a school; (5) 29 (6) "Student", a student who has epilepsy or a seizure 30 disorder and who attends a school.

31 3. (1) The parent of a student who seeks epilepsy or seizure disorder care while at school shall inform the 32 school nurse or the school administrator or the 33 administrator's designee in the absence of the school nurse. 34 35 The school nurse shall develop an individualized health 36 care plan and an individualized emergency health care plan 37 for the student. The parent of the student shall annually 38 provide to the school written authorization for the provision of epilepsy or seizure disorder care as described 39 in the individualized plans. 40

The individualized plans developed under 41 (2) 42 subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be updated by the school nurse before the beginning of each school year and as 43 necessary if there is a change in the health status of the 44 45 student.

46 Each individualized health care plan shall, and (3) 47 each individualized emergency health care plan may, include but not be limited to the following information: 48

A notice about the student's condition for all 49 (a) school employees who interact with the student; 50

51 (b) Written orders from the student's physician or 52 advanced practice nurse describing the epilepsy or seizure 53 disorder care;

(c) The symptoms of the epilepsy or seizure disorder
 for that particular student and recommended care;

(d) Whether the student may fully participate in
exercise and sports, and any contraindications to exercise
or accommodations that shall be made for that particular
student;

60 (e) Accommodations for school trips, after-school
61 activities, class parties, and other school-related
62 activities;

(f) Information for such school employees about how to
recognize and provide care for epilepsy and seizure
disorders, epilepsy and seizure disorder first aid training,
when to call for assistance, emergency contact information,
and parent contact information;

68 (g) Medical and treatment issues that may affect the
69 educational process of the student;

(h) The student's ability to manage, and the student's
level of understanding of, the student's epilepsy or seizure
disorder; and

(i) How to maintain communication with the student,
the student's parent and health care team, the school nurse
or the school administrator or the administrator's designee
in the absence of the school nurse, and the school employees.

77 4. (1) The school nurse assigned to a particular school or the school administrator or the administrator's 78 designee in the absence of the school nurse shall coordinate 79 the provision of epilepsy and seizure disorder care at that 80 school and ensure that all school employees are trained 81 every two years in the care of students with epilepsy and 82 83 seizure disorders including, but not limited to, school 84 employees working with school-sponsored programs outside of

85 the regular school day, as provided in the student's 86 individualized plans.

(2) The training required under subdivision (1) of
this subsection shall include an online or in-person course
of instruction approved by the department of health and
senior services that is provided by a reputable, local,
Missouri-based health care or nonprofit organization that
supports the welfare of individuals with epilepsy and
seizure disorders.

The school nurse or the school administrator or the 94 5. 95 administrator's designee in the absence of the school nurse shall obtain a release from a student's parent to authorize 96 the sharing of medical information between the student's 97 98 physician or advanced practice nurse and other health care 99 providers. The release shall also authorize the school 100 nurse or the school administrator or the administrator's 101 designee in the absence of the school nurse to share medical information with other school employees in the school 102 district as necessary. No sharing of information under this 103 104 subsection shall be construed to be a violation of the 105 federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) (Pub. L. 104-191), as amended, if a 106 107 student's parent has provided a release under this 108 subsection.

6. 109 No school employee including, but not limited to, a school nurse, a school bus driver, a school bus aide, or any 110 other officer or agent of a school shall be held liable for 111 any good faith act or omission consistent with the 112 provisions of this section, nor shall an action before the 113 114 state board of nursing lie against a school nurse for any 115 such action taken by a school employee trained in good faith by the school nurse under this section. "Good faith" shall 116

# not be construed to include willful misconduct, gross negligence, or recklessness.

167.640. 1. School districts [may] shall adopt a 2 policy with regard to student promotion which may require remediation as a condition of promotion to the next grade 3 4 level for any student identified by the district as failing to master skills and competencies established for that 5 6 particular grade level by the district board of education. 7 School districts may also require parents or guardians of 8 such students to commit to conduct home-based tutorial activities with their children or, in the case of a student 9 with disabilities eligible for services pursuant to sections 10 162.670 to 162.1000, the individual education plan shall 11 determine the nature of parental involvement consistent with 12 the requirements for a free, appropriate public education. 13

14 2. Such remediation shall recognize that different 15 students learn differently and shall employ methods designed to help these students achieve at high levels. 16 Such 17 remediation may include, but shall not necessarily be limited to, a mandatory summer school program focused on the 18 areas of deficiency or other such activities conducted by 19 the school district outside of the regular school day. 20 Decisions concerning the instruction of a child who receives 21 22 special educational services pursuant to sections 162.670 to 162.1000 shall be made in accordance with the child's 23 individualized education plan. 24

3. School districts providing remediation pursuant to
this section or section 167.645 outside of the traditional
school day may count extra hours of instruction in the
calculation of average daily attendance as defined in
section 163.011.

167.645. 1. [For purposes of this section, the
2 following terms mean:

3 (1)"Reading assessment", a recognized method of judging a student's reading ability, with results expressed 4 5 as reading at a particular grade level. The term reading 6 assessment shall include, but is not limited to, standard 7 checklists designed for use as a student reads out loud, 8 paper-and-pencil tests promulgated by nationally recognized 9 organizations and other recognized methods of determining a 10 student's reading accuracy, expression, fluency and 11 comprehension in order to make a determination of the 12 student's grade-level reading ability. Assessments which do 13 not give a grade-level result may be used in combination with other assessments to reach a grade-level 14 determination. Districts are encouraged but not required to 15 select assessment methods identified pursuant to section 16 167.346. Districts are also encouraged to use multiple 17 methods of assessment; 18

19 (2) "Summer school", for reading instruction purposes,
20 a minimum of forty hours of reading instruction and
21 practice. A school district may arrange the hours and days
22 of instruction to coordinate with its regular program of
23 summer school.

24 2. For purposes of this section, methods of reading assessment shall be determined by each school district. 25 26 Unless a student has been determined in the current school 27 year to be reading at grade level or above, each school 28 district shall administer a reading assessment or set of 29 assessments to each student within forty-five days of the end of the third-grade year, except that the provisions of 30 this subsection shall not apply to students receiving 31 special education services under an individualized education 32

33 plan pursuant to sections 162.670 to 162.999, to students receiving services pursuant to Section 504 of the 34 35 Rehabilitation Act of 1973 whose services plan includes an element addressing reading or to students determined to have 36 limited English proficiency or to students who have been 37 determined, prior to the beginning of any school year, to 38 39 have a cognitive ability insufficient to meet the reading 40 requirement set out in this section, provided that districts shall provide reading improvement plans for students 41 42 determined to have such insufficient cognitive ability. The 43 assessment required by this subsection shall also be required for students who enter a school district in grades 44 45 four, five or six unless such student has been determined in the current school year to be reading at grade level or 46 above. 47

3. Beginning with school year 2002-03, for each 48 student whose third-grade reading assessment determines that 49 50 such student is reading below second-grade level, the school 51 district shall design a reading improvement plan for the student's fourth-grade year. Such reading improvement plan 52 shall include, at a minimum, thirty hours of additional 53 reading instruction or practice outside the regular school 54 day during the fourth-grade year. The school district shall 55 determine the method of reading instruction necessary to 56 enforce this subsection. The school district may also 57 58 require the student to attend summer school for reading 59 instruction as a condition of promotion to fourth grade. 60 The department of elementary and secondary education may, 61 from funds appropriated for the purpose, reimburse school districts for additional instructional personnel costs 62 incurred in the implementation and execution of the thirty 63 hours of additional reading instruction minus the revenue 64

65 generated by the school district through the foundation
66 formula for the additional reading instruction average daily
67 attendance.

4. Each student for whom a reading improvement plan 68 has been designed pursuant to subsection 3 of this section 69 70 shall be given another reading assessment, to be 71 administered within forty-five days of the end of such 72 student's fourth-grade year. If such student is determined to be reading below third-grade level, the student shall be 73 74 required to attend summer school to receive reading instruction. At the end of such summer school instruction, 75 such student shall be given another reading assessment. If 76 77 such student is determined to be reading below third-grade level, the district shall notify the student's parents or 78 quardians, and the student shall not be promoted to fifth 79 80 No student shall be denied promotion more than once grade. 81 solely for inability to meet the reading standards set out 82 in this section.

5. The process described in subsections 3 and 4 of
this section shall be repeated as necessary through the end
of the sixth grade, with the target grade level rising
accordingly. Mandatory retention in grade shall not apply
to grades subsequent to fourth grade.

The mandatory process of additional reading 88 6. instruction pursuant to this section shall cease at the end 89 90 of the sixth grade. The permanent record of students who 91 are determined to be reading below the fifth-grade level at 92 the end of sixth grade shall carry a notation advising that such student has not met minimal reading standards. 93 The notation shall stay on the student's record until such time 94 as the district determines that a student has met minimal 95 96 reading standards.

97 7. Each school district shall be required to offer
98 summer school reading instruction to any student with a
99 reading improvement plan. Districts may fulfill the
100 requirement of this section through cooperative arrangements
101 with neighboring districts; provided that such districts
102 shall timely make all payments provided pursuant to such
103 cooperative agreements.

104 8. A school district may adopt a policy that requires
105 retention in grade of any student who has been determined to
106 require summer school instruction in reading and who does
107 not fulfill the summer school attendance requirement.

9. Nothing in this section shall preclude a school
district from retaining any student in grade when a
determination is made in accordance with district policy
that retention is in the best interests of the student.

112 The state board of education shall not incorporate 10. information about the number of students receiving 113 114 additional instruction pursuant to this section into any 115 element of any standard of the Missouri school improvement 116 program or its successor accreditation program; provided, however, each district shall make available, upon the 117 request of any parent, patron, or media outlet within the 118 district, the number and percentage of students receiving 119 120 remediation pursuant to this section. The information shall 121 be presented in a way that does not permit personal 122 identification of any student or educational personnel.

123 11. Each school district shall make a systematic
124 effort to inform parents of the methods and materials used
125 to teach reading in kindergarten through fourth grade, in
126 terms understandable to a layperson and shall similarly
127 inform parents of students for whom a reading improvement
128 plan is required pursuant to this section] Each school

district and charter school shall assess all students 129 130 enrolled in kindergarten through grade three at the beginning and end of each school year for their level of 131 132 reading or reading readiness on state-approved reading assessments. Additionally, all school districts and charter 133 134 schools shall assess any newly enrolled student in grades one through five for their level of reading or reading 135 136 readiness on a reading assessment from the state-approved list. At the beginning of the school year, each school 137 138 district and charter school shall provide a reading success 139 plan to any student who:

(1) Exhibits a substantial deficiency in reading which
creates a barrier to the child's progress learning to read.
The identification of such deficiency may be based upon the
most recent assessments or teacher observation; or

144 (2) Has been identified as being at risk of dyslexia
145 in the statewide dyslexia screening or has a formal
146 diagnosis of dyslexia.

147 For the purposes of this section, a substantial reading deficiency shall refer to a student who is one or more grade 148 149 level or levels behind in reading or reading readiness; 150 provided that nothing in this section shall be interpreted to prevent a school district or charter school from offering 151 152 a reading success plan to any student based on an assessment completed at the start and end of the school year or teacher 153 154 observation. For any student entering the school district 155 or charter school after the start of the school year, such 156 student shall be provided a reading success plan in the 157 event the student has been identified as having a substantial reading deficiency based on the student's most 158 recent assessment or otherwise being identified through 159

160 teacher observation. The student's reading proficiency 161 shall be reassessed by reading assessments on the state-162 approved list. The student shall continue to be provided 163 with intensive reading instruction under a reading success 164 plan until the reading deficiency is remedied.

165 2. The district or charter school shall notify the 166 parent or guardian of any student in kindergarten through 167 grade three who exhibits a substantial deficiency in 168 reading, as described in subsection 1 of this section, at 169 least annually in writing, and in an appropriate, 170 alternative manner for the parent or other guardian if 171 necessary, of the following:

172 (1) That the child has been identified as having a
173 substantial deficiency in reading;

174 (2) A description of the services currently provided
175 to the child;

176 (3) A description of the proposed supplemental instructional services and supports that the school district 177 will provide to the child that are designed to remediate the 178 179 identified area of reading deficiency. For students 180 identified as being at risk of dyslexia or those that have a diagnosis of dyslexia the district shall provide an 181 182 explanation that the instruction that will be used to teach 183 the child reading shall be explicit, systematic, and diagnostic and based on phonological awareness, phonics, 184 fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, morphology, syntax, and 185 186 semantics;

187 (4) Strategies for parents and guardians to use in
188 helping the child succeed in reading proficiency, including
189 but not limited to the promotion of parent-guided home
190 reading.

191 3. If the school district or charter school provides a 192 summer reading program under this section, the district or 193 charter school shall notify the parent or guardian of each 194 student who exhibits a substantial deficiency in reading of 195 the opportunity to attend the summer reading program.

196 4. If a student has a substantial reading deficiency at the end of third grade, the student's parent or guardian 197 198 and appropriate school staff shall discuss whether the 199 student should be retained in grade level, based on a consideration of all relevant factors, including the reading 200 deficiency, the student's progress in other subject areas, 201 and the student's overall intellectual, physical, emotional, 202 and social development. A decision to promote or retain a 203 204 student with a substantial reading deficiency at the end of 205 grade three shall be made only after direct personal 206 consultation with the student's parent or guardian and after 207 the formulation of a specific plan of action to remedy the student's reading deficiency. 208

209 5. Each school district or charter school shall do all
210 of the following:

Provide students who are identified as having a 211 (1) substantial deficiency in reading under subsection 1 of this 212 213 section, have been identified as being at risk of dyslexia 214 in the statewide dyslexia screening, or have a formal 215 diagnosis of dyslexia with intensive instructional services and supports specified in a reading success plan, as 216 appropriate according to student need, free of charge, to 217 218 remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency, 219 including additional scientific, evidence-based reading 220 instruction and other strategies prescribed by the school 221 district or charter school which may include but are not 222 limited to the following:

- 223 (a) Small group or individual instruction;
- 224 (b) Reduced teacher-student ratios;
- 225 (c) More frequent progress monitoring;
- 226 (d) Tutoring or mentoring;
- 227 (e) Extended school day, week, or year; and
- 228 (f) Summer reading programs;

For any student with a formal diagnosis of 229 (2) 230 dyslexia or for a student who was found to be at risk of 231 dyslexia in the statewide dyslexia screening, the school 232 district or charter school shall provide evidence-based 233 reading instruction that addresses phonology, sound-symbol 234 association, syllable instruction, morphology, syntax, and semantics provided through systematic, cumulative, explicit, 235 236 and diagnostic methods;

(3) At regular intervals, but no less than four times
per year in a manner that reflects progress through each
school term, notify the parent or guardian of academic and
other progress being made by the student and give the parent
or guardian other useful information;

(4) In addition to required reading enhancement and
acceleration strategies, provide all parents of students,
including parents of students who are identified as having a
substantial deficiency in reading under subsection 1 of this
section, with a plan that includes suggestions for regular
parent-guided home reading.

6. Each school district and charter school shall ensure that intensive reading instruction through a reading development initiative shall be provided to each kindergarten through grade five student who is assessed as exhibiting a substantial deficiency in reading. In addition to the requirements otherwise provided, such instruction shall also comply with all of the following criteria:

(1) Be provided to all kindergarten through grade five
 students who exhibit a substantial deficiency in reading
 under this section. The assessments shall measure phonemic
 awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension;

259

(2) Be provided during regular school hours;

(3) Provide a reading curriculum that meets the
 requirements of section 170.014, and at a minimum has the
 following specifications:

(a) Assists students assessed as exhibiting a
 substantial deficiency in reading to develop the skills to
 read at grade level;

(b) Provides skill development in phonemic awareness,
 phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension;

268 (c) Includes a scientifically based and reliable
269 assessment;

270 (d) Provides initial and ongoing analysis of each
271 student's reading progress; and

(e) Provides a curriculum in core academic subjects to
assist the student in maintaining or meeting proficiency
levels for the appropriate grade in all academic subjects.

275 7. School districts and charter schools shall report
276 to the department the specific intensive reading
277 interventions and supports implemented by the school
278 district or charter school pursuant to this section as well
279 as the reading assessment data collected for grades
280 kindergarten through five. The department shall annually
281 prescribe the components of required or requested reports.

8. (1) Each school district and charter school shall
address reading proficiency as part of its comprehensive
school improvement plan, drawing upon information about
children from assessments conducted pursuant to subsection 1
of this section and the prevalence of deficiencies

identified by classroom, elementary school, and other 287 student characteristics. As part of its comprehensive 288 289 school improvement plan or contract, each school district or charter school shall review chronic early elementary 290 291 absenteeism for its impact on literacy development. If more 292 than fifteen percent of an attendance center's students are not at grade level in reading by the end of third grade, the 293 294 comprehensive school improvement plan or contract shall 295 include strategies to reduce that percentage, including 296 school and community strategies to raise the percentage of 297 students who are proficient in reading.

(2) Each school district and charter school shall
 provide professional development services to enhance the
 skills of elementary teachers in responding to children's
 unique reading issues and needs and to increase the use of
 evidence-based strategies.

167.850. 1. As used in this section, the following
2 terms mean:

3

(1) "Board", the state board of education;

4

(2) "Commissioner", the commissioner of education;

5 (3) "Recovery high school", a public high school that 6 serves eligible students diagnosed with substance use 7 disorder or dependency as defined by the most recent 8 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders and 9 that provides both a comprehensive four-year high school 10 education in an alternative public school setting and a 11 structured plan of recovery;

(4) "Sending district", the school district where a
student attending or planning to attend the recovery high
school resides and from which the student is referred for
enrollment in a recovery high school.

16 2. (1) The commissioner may approve and authorize up to four pilot recovery high schools, geographically located 17 18 in metropolitan areas throughout the state, to be established by school districts or groups of school 19 20 districts for the purpose of demonstrating the effectiveness 21 of the recovery high school model in this state. The commissioner shall issue a request for proposals from school 22 23 districts to operate a pilot recovery high school. Such 24 proposals may be submitted by an individual school district 25 proposing to operate a recovery high school or by a group of school districts proposing to jointly operate such a school. 26 Such proposals shall be submitted to the commissioner no 27 later than December first of the school year prior to the 28 29 school year in which the recovery high school is proposed to 30 begin operation. The approval of the board shall be 31 required for the recovery high school to begin operation.

32 (2) Proposals shall detail how the district or districts will satisfy the criteria for a high school 33 education program under state law and board rule and how the 34 recovery high school will satisfy the requirements for 35 36 accreditation by the Association of Recovery Schools or 37 another recovery school accreditation organization authorized by the board. The proposal shall include a 38 39 financial plan outlining the anticipated public and private funding that will allow the recovery high school to operate 40 and meet the school's educational and recovery criteria. 41 The district or districts may partner with one or more local 42 nonprofit organizations or other local educational agencies 43 regarding establishment and operation of a recovery high 44 45 school and may establish a joint board to oversee the 46 operation of the recovery high school as provided in a

47 memorandum of understanding entered with such organization
48 or organizations.

49 (3) By approval of the proposal upon the
50 recommendation of the commissioner, the board shall be
51 deemed to have authorized all necessary equivalencies and
52 waivers of regulations enumerated in the proposal.

53 The commissioner may specify an authorization (4) 54 period for the recovery high school, which shall be no less 55 than four years. Before July first of each year the 56 recovery high school is in operation, the school district or group of school districts, in consultation with the recovery 57 high school, shall submit to the commissioner an analysis of 58 the recovery high school's educational, recovery, and other 59 60 related outcomes as specified in the proposal. The 61 commissioner shall review the analysis and renew any 62 recovery high school meeting the requirements of this 63 section and the requirements of the school's proposal and may include terms and conditions to address areas needing 64 correction or improvement. The commissioner may revoke or 65 suspend the authorization of a recovery high school not 66 67 meeting the requirements of this section or the requirements of the school's proposal. 68

69 Pupil attendance, dropout rate, student (5) 70 performance on statewide assessments, and other data 71 considered in the Missouri school improvement program and school accreditation shall not be attributed to the general 72 accreditation of either a sending district or the district 73 or districts operating the recovery high school and may be 74 used by the commissioner only in the renewal process for the 75 76 recovery high school as provided in this subsection.

3. (1) A school district may enter into an agreement
with a district or districts operating a recovery high

school for the enrollment of an eligible student who is
currently enrolled in or resides in the sending district.

(2) A parent or guardian may seek to enroll an
eligible student residing in a sending district in a
recovery high school created under this section. A student
over eighteen years of age residing in a sending district
may seek to enroll in a recovery high school.

86 (3) An eligible student shall mean a student who is in 87 recovery from substance use disorder or substance 88 dependency, or such a condition along with co-occurring disorders such as anxiety, depression, and attention deficit 89 hyperactivity disorder, and who is determined by the 90 recovery high school to be a student who would academically 91 92 and clinically benefit from placement in the recovery high 93 school and is committed to working on the student's 94 recovery. The recovery high school shall consider available 95 information including, but not limited to, any recommendation of a drug counselor, alcoholism counselor, or 96 substance abuse counselor licensed or certified under 97 applicable laws and regulations. 98

99 (4) A recovery high school shall not limit or deny
100 admission to an eligible student based on race, ethnicity,
101 national origin, disability, income level, proficiency in
102 the English language, or athletic ability.

4. (1) The recovery high school shall annually adopt
 a policy establishing a tuition rate for its students no
 later than February first of the preceding school year.

106 (2) The sending district of an eligible student who is
 107 enrolled in and attending a recovery high school shall pay
 108 tuition to the recovery high school equal to the lesser of:

(a) The tuition rate established under subdivision (1)
of this subsection; or

(b) The state adequacy target, as defined in section
163.011, plus the average sum produced per child by the
local tax effort above the state adequacy target of the
sending district.

(3) If costs associated with the provision of special education and related disability services to the student exceed the tuition to be paid under subdivision (2) of this subsection, the sending district shall remain responsible for paying the excess cost to the recovery high school.

120 (4) The commissioner may enter into an agreement with 121 the appropriate official or agency of another state to 122 develop a reciprocity agreement for otherwise eligible, nonresident students seeking to attend a recovery high 123 124 school in this state. A recovery high school may enroll 125 otherwise eligible students residing in a state other than 126 this state as provided in such reciprocity agreement. Such 127 reciprocity agreement shall require the out-of-state student's district of residence to pay to the recovery high 128 school an annual amount equal to one hundred five percent of 129 130 the tuition rate for the recovery high school established under this subsection. If an otherwise eligible student 131 resides in a state that is not subject to a reciprocity 132 agreement, such student may attend a recovery high school 133 134 provided such student pays to the school one hundred five 135 percent of the tuition rate for the recovery high school established under this subsection. No student enrolled and 136 attending a recovery high school under this subdivision 137 shall be included as a resident pupil for any state aid 138 purpose under chapter 163. 139

140 5. The board, in consultation with the department of
141 mental health, may promulgate rules to implement the
142 provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule,

as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created 143 under the authority delegated in this section shall become 144 145 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 146 This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and 147 536.028. 148 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 149 150 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 151 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 152 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2022, shall be invalid and void. 153

168.021. 1. Certificates of license to teach in the 2 public schools of the state shall be granted as follows:

3 (1) By the state board, under rules and regulations4 prescribed by it:

5

(a) Upon the basis of college credit;

6

(b) Upon the basis of examination;

By the state board, under rules and regulations 7 (2) 8 prescribed by the state board with advice from the advisory council established by section 168.015 to any individual who 9 presents to the state board a valid doctoral degree from an 10 accredited institution of higher education accredited by a 11 regional accrediting association such as North Central 12 Association. Such certificate shall be limited to the major 13 area of postgraduate study of the holder, shall be issued 14 15 only after successful completion of the examination required for graduation pursuant to rules adopted by the state board 16 of education, and shall be restricted to those certificates 17 established pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of 18 this section; 19

20 (3) By the state board, which shall issue the21 professional certificate classification in both the general

and specialized areas most closely aligned with the current areas of certification approved by the state board, commensurate with the years of teaching experience of the applicant, and based upon the following criteria:

26 (a) Recommendation of a state-approved baccalaureate-27 level teacher preparation program;

(b) a. Successful attainment of the Missouri
qualifying score on the exit assessment for teachers or
administrators designated by the state board of education[.];

31 b. (i) Applicants who have not successfully achieved
32 a qualifying score on the designated examinations will be
33 issued a two-year nonrenewable provisional certificate;

(ii) During the two-year nonrenewable provisional
 certification, an individual teacher may gain full
 professional certification by:

37 i. Achieving a qualifying score on the designated
38 exam; or

ii. Successfully achieving an acceptable score on the 39 state-approved teacher evaluation system from seven walk-40 through evaluations, two formative evaluations, and one 41 42 summative evaluation for each of the two probationary years and being offered a third contract by the employing 43 district. For any applicant who has a change in job status 44 45 because of a reduction in the workforce or a change in life 46 circumstances, the scores required under this item may be scores achieved in any school district during the two-year 47 nonrenewable provisional certification period; and 48

49 (iii) The employing school district shall recommend to 50 the department of elementary and secondary education that 51 the individual teacher be awarded a full professional 52 certification by the state board under rules prescribed by 53 the state board; and

(c) Upon completion of a background check as prescribed in section 168.133 and possession of a valid teaching certificate in the state from which the applicant's teacher preparation program was completed;

(4) By the state board, under rules prescribed by it, 58 59 on the basis of a relevant bachelor's degree, or higher degree, and a passing score for the designated exit 60 61 examination, for individuals whose academic degree and professional experience are suitable to provide a basis for 62 63 instruction solely in the subject matter of banking or financial responsibility, at the discretion of the state 64 board. Such certificate shall be limited to the major area 65 of study of the holder and shall be restricted to those 66 certificates established under subdivision (2) of subsection 67 3 of this section. Holders of certificates granted under 68 69 this subdivision shall be exempt from the teacher tenure act 70 under sections 168.102 to 168.130 and each school district shall have the decision-making authority on whether to hire 71 the holders of such certificates; 72

(5) By the state board, under rules and regulations 73 prescribed by it, on the basis of certification by the 74 75 American Board for Certification of Teacher Excellence 76 (ABCTE) and verification of ability to work with children as 77 demonstrated by sixty contact hours in any one of the 78 following areas as validated by the school principal: sixty contact hours in the classroom, of which at least forty-five 79 must be teaching; sixty contact hours as a substitute 80 teacher, with at least thirty consecutive hours in the same 81 classroom; sixty contact hours of teaching in a private 82 83 school; or sixty contact hours of teaching as a paraprofessional, for an initial four-year ABCTE certificate 84 of license to teach, except that such certificate shall not 85

86 be granted for the areas of early childhood education, or 87 special education. For certification in the area of 88 elementary education, ninety contact hours in the classroom shall be required, of which at least thirty shall be in an 89 90 elementary classroom. Upon the completion of the **following** 91 requirements [listed in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this subdivision], an applicant shall be eliqible to apply 92 for a career continuous professional certificate under 93 94 subdivision (3) of subsection 3 of this section:

95 (a) Completion of thirty contact hours of professional
96 development within four years, which may include hours spent
97 in class in an appropriate college curriculum;

98 (b) Validated completion of two years of the mentoring
99 program of the American Board for Certification of Teacher
100 Excellence or a district mentoring program approved by the
101 state board of education;

102 (c) Attainment of a successful performance-based103 teacher evaluation; and

104 (d) Participation in a beginning teacher assistance105 program; or

(6) (a) By the state board, under rules and
regulations prescribed by [it] the board, which shall issue
an initial visiting scholars certificate at the discretion
of the board, based on the following criteria:

110 [(a)] a. Verification from the hiring school district 111 that the applicant will be employed as part of a business-112 education partnership initiative designed to build career 113 pathways systems or employed as part of an initiative 114 designed to fill vacant positions in hard-to-staff public 115 schools or hard-to-fill subject areas for students in a 116 grade or grades not lower than the ninth grade for which the

117 applicant's academic degree or professional experience 118 qualifies [him or her] the applicant;

119 [(b)] b. Appropriate and relevant bachelor's degree or 120 higher, occupational license, or industry-recognized 121 credential;

122 [(c)] c. Completion of the application for a one-year
123 visiting scholars certificate; and

124 [(d)] d. Completion of a background check as125 prescribed under section 168.133.

The initial visiting scholars certificate shall 126 (b) 127 certify the holder of such certificate to teach for one 128 year. An applicant shall be eligible to renew an initial visiting scholars certificate a maximum of two times, based 129 130 upon the completion of the requirements listed under 131 [paragraphs (a), (b), and (d)] subparagraphs a., b., and d. of paragraph (a) of this subdivision; completion of 132 133 professional development required by the school district and school; and attainment of a satisfactory performance-based 134 teacher evaluation. 135

2. All valid teaching certificates issued pursuant to 136 law or state board policies and regulations prior to 137 September 1, 1988, shall be exempt from the professional 138 development requirements of this section and shall continue 139 140 in effect until they expire, are revoked or suspended, as provided by law. When such certificates are required to be 141 renewed, the state board or its designee shall grant to each 142 holder of such a certificate the certificate most nearly 143 equivalent to the one so held. Anyone who holds, as of 144 August 28, 2003, a valid PC-I, PC-II, or continuous 145 professional certificate shall, upon expiration of [his or 146 147 her] such person's current certificate, be issued the appropriate level of certificate based upon the 148

149 classification system established pursuant to subsection 3 150 of this section.

3. (1) Certificates of license to teach in the public 151 152 schools of the state shall be based upon minimum requirements prescribed by the state board of education 153 154 which shall include completion of a background check as prescribed in section 168.133. The state board shall 155 156 provide for the following levels of professional 157 certification: an initial professional certificate and a career continuous professional certificate. 158

159 The initial professional certificate shall be (2)160 issued upon completion of requirements established by the state board of education and shall be valid based upon 161 verification of actual teaching within a specified time 162 163 period established by the state board of education. The state board shall require holders of the four-year initial 164 165 professional certificate to:

(a) Participate in a mentoring program approved andprovided by the district for a minimum of two years;

(b) Complete thirty contact hours of professional
development, which may include hours spent in class in an
appropriate college curriculum, or for holders of a
certificate under subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this
section, an amount of professional development in proportion
to the certificate holder's hours in the classroom, if the
certificate holder is employed less than full time; and

175 (c) Participate in a beginning teacher assistance176 program.

(3) (a) The career continuous professional
certificate shall be issued upon verification of completion
of four years of teaching under the initial professional
certificate and upon verification of the completion of the

181 requirements articulated in paragraphs (a) [, (b), and] to 182 (c) of subdivision (2) of this subsection or paragraphs 183 (a) [, (b), (c), and] to (d) of subdivision (5) of subsection 184 1 of this section.

The career continuous professional certificate 185 (b) 186 shall be continuous based upon verification of actual employment in an educational position as provided for in 187 188 state board quidelines and completion of fifteen contact 189 hours of professional development per year which may include 190 hours spent in class in an appropriate college curriculum. 191 Should the possessor of a valid career continuous professional certificate fail, in any given year, to meet 192 193 the fifteen-hour professional development requirement, the 194 possessor may, within two years, make up the missing hours. 195 In order to make up for missing hours, the possessor shall first complete the fifteen-hour requirement for the current 196 197 year and then may count hours in excess of the current year requirement as make-up hours. Should the possessor fail to 198 199 make up the missing hours within two years, the certificate 200 shall become inactive. In order to reactivate the certificate, the possessor shall complete twenty-four 201 contact hours of professional development which may include 202 203 hours spent in the classroom in an appropriate college 204 curriculum within the six months prior to or after reactivating [his or her] the possessor's certificate. 205 The 206 requirements of this paragraph shall be monitored and verified by the local school district which employs the 207 holder of the career continuous professional certificate. 208

(c) A holder of a career continuous professional
certificate shall be exempt from the professional
development contact hour requirements of paragraph (b) of
this subdivision if such teacher has a local professional

213 development plan in place within such teacher's school214 district and meets two of the three following criteria:

a. Has ten years of teaching experience as defined bythe state board of education;

217

b. Possesses a master's degree; or

c. Obtains a rigorous national certification asapproved by the state board of education.

220 4. Policies and procedures shall be established by 221 which a teacher who was not retained due to a reduction in 222 force may retain the current level of certification. There 223 shall also be established policies and procedures allowing a 224 teacher who has not been employed in an educational position for three years or more to reactivate [his or her] the 225 teacher's last level of certification by completing twenty-226 227 four contact hours of professional development which may 228 include hours spent in the classroom in an appropriate 229 college curriculum within the six months prior to or after 230 reactivating [his or her] the teacher's certificate.

The state board shall, upon completion of a 231 5. background check as prescribed in section 168.133, issue a 232 professional certificate classification in the areas most 233 234 closely aligned with an applicant's current areas of certification, commensurate with the years of teaching 235 236 experience of the applicant, to any person who is hired to 237 teach in a public school in this state and who possesses a valid teaching certificate from another state or 238 certification under subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this 239 section, provided that the certificate holder shall annually 240 complete the state board's requirements for such level of 241 242 certification, and shall establish policies by which residents of states other than the state of Missouri may be 243 assessed a fee for a certificate of license to teach in the 244

public schools of Missouri. Such fee shall be in an amount 245 246 sufficient to recover any or all costs associated with the issuing of a certificate of license to teach. The board 247 shall promulgate rules to authorize the issuance of a 248 provisional certificate of license, which shall be valid for 249 250 three years and shall allow the holder to assume classroom duties pending the completion of a criminal background check 251 252 under section 168.133, for any applicant who:

253 (1) Is the spouse of a member of the Armed Forces 254 stationed in Missouri;

255 (2) Relocated from another state within one year of256 the date of application;

257 (3) Underwent a criminal background check in order to
258 be issued a teaching certificate of license from another
259 state; and

260

(4) Otherwise qualifies under this section.

261 6. The state board may assess to holders of an initial professional certificate a fee, to be deposited into the 262 263 excellence in education [revolving] fund established pursuant to section 160.268, for the issuance of the career 264 265 continuous professional certificate. However, such fee shall not exceed the combined costs of issuance and any 266 criminal background check required as a condition of 267 268 issuance. Applicants for the initial ABCTE certificate 269 shall be responsible for any fees associated with the program leading to the issuance of the certificate, but 270 nothing in this section shall prohibit a district from 271 developing a policy that permits fee reimbursement. 272

273 7. Any member of the public school retirement system
274 of Missouri who entered covered employment with ten or more
275 years of educational experience in another state or states
276 and held a certificate issued by another state and

277 subsequently worked in a school district covered by the 278 public school retirement system of Missouri for ten or more 279 years who later became certificated in Missouri shall have 280 that certificate dated back to [his or her] the member's 281 original date of employment in a Missouri public school.

282 8. Within thirty days of receiving an application from a spouse of an active duty member of the Armed Forces of the 283 284 United States who has been transferred or is scheduled to be 285 transferred to the state of Missouri, or who has been 286 transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to an adjacent 287 state and is or will be domiciled in the state of Missouri, or has moved to the state of Missouri on a permanent change-288 of-station basis and has successfully completed the 289 290 background check described under subsection 5 of this section and section 168.133, the state board shall issue to 291 292 such applicant a full certificate of license to teach, 293 provided that the applicant has paid all necessary fees and has otherwise met all requirements to be issued such a 294 295 certificate.

168.036. 1. In addition to granting certificates of license to teach in public schools of the state under section 168.021, the state board of education shall grant substitute teacher certificates as provided in this section to any individual seeking to substitute teach in any public school in this state.

7 2. (1) The state board shall not grant a certificate 8 of license to teach under this section to any individual who 9 has not completed a background check as required under 10 section 168.021.

(2) The state board may refuse to issue or renew,
 suspend, or revoke any certificate sought or issued under

this section in the same manner and for the same reasons asunder section 168.071.

3. The state board may grant a certificate under this
 section to any individual who has completed:

17 (1) At least thirty-six semester hours at an
18 accredited institution of higher education; or

19 (2) The twenty-hour online training program required
 20 in this section and who possesses a high school diploma or
 21 the equivalent thereof.

4. The department of elementary and secondary
education shall develop and maintain an online training
program for individuals, which shall consist of twenty hours
of training related to subjects appropriate for substitute
teachers as determined by the department.

27 5. The state board may grant a certificate under this 28 section to any highly qualified individual with expertise in 29 a technical or business field or with experience in the Armed Forces of the United States who has completed the 30 background check required in this section but does not meet 31 any of the qualifications under subdivision (1) or (2) of 32 subsection 3 of this section if the superintendent of the 33 school district in which the individual seeks to substitute 34 35 teach sponsors such individual and the school board of the 36 school district in which the individual seeks to substitute 37 teach votes to approve such individual to substitute teach.

6. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions to contrary, beginning on the effective date of this section and ending on June 30, 2025, any person, who is retired and currently receiving a retirement allowance under sections 169.010 to 169.141 or sections 169.600 to 169.715, other than for disability, may be employed to substitute teach on a part time or temporary substitute basis by an employer

45 included in the retirement system without a discontinuance 46 of the person's retirement allowance. Such a person shall 47 not contribute to the retirement system, or to the public 48 school retirement system established by sections 169.010 to 49 169.141 or to the public education employee retirement 50 system established by sections 169.600 to 169.715, because 51 of earnings during such period of employment.

52 (2) In addition to the conditions set forth in 53 subdivision 1 of this subsection, any person retired and 54 currently receiving a retirement allowance under sections 169.010 to 169.141, other than for disability, who is 55 56 employed by a third party or is performing work as an independent contractor may be employed to substitute teach 57 58 on a part-time or temporary substitute basis, if such person 59 is performing work for an employer included in the 60 retirement system without a discontinuance of the person's 61 retirement allowance.

If a person is employed pursuant to this 62 (3) subsection on a regular, full-time basis the person shall 63 not be entitled to receive the person's retirement allowance 64 65 for any month during which the person is so employed. The retirement system may require the employer, the third-party 66 67 employer, the independent contractor, and the retiree 68 subject to this subsection to provide documentation showing compliance with this subsection. If such documentation is 69 not provided, the retirement system may deem the retiree to 70 have exceeded the limitations provided in this subsection. 71

72 7. A certificate granted under this section shall be 73 valid for four years. A certificate granted under this 74 section shall expire at the end of any calendar year in 75 which the individual fails to substitute teach for at least 76 five days or forty hours of in-seat instruction.

8. (1) An individual to whom the state board grants a certificate under this section may be a substitute teacher in a public school in the state if the school district agrees to employ the individual as a substitute teacher and such individual has completed a background check as required in subsection 10 of this section.

(2) No individual to whom the state board grants a
certificate under this section and who is under twenty years
of age shall be a substitute teacher in grades nine to
twelve.

Each school district may develop an orientation for 87 9. individuals to whom the state board grants a certificate 88 under this section for such individuals employed by the 89 90 school district and may require such individuals to complete 91 such orientation. Such orientation shall contain at least 92 two hours of subjects appropriate for substitute teachers 93 and shall contain instruction on the school district's best practices for classroom management. 94

95 Beginning January 1, 2023, any substitute teacher 10. may, at the time such substitute teacher submits the 96 fingerprints and information required for the background 97 check required under section 168.021, designate up to five 98 99 school districts to which such substitute teacher has 100 submitted an application for substitute teaching to receive the results of the substitute teacher's criminal history 101 102 background check and fingerprint collection. The total 103 amount of any fees for disseminating such results to up to 104 five school districts under this subsection shall not exceed 105 fifty dollars.

106 11. The state board may exercise the board's authority
 107 under chapter 161 to promulgate all necessary rules and
 108 regulations necessary for the administration of this section.

168.037. 1. The department of elementary and secondary education shall create and maintain a web-based 2 3 survey for collecting anonymous information from substitute teachers in Missouri public schools. The survey will 4 collect anonymous, nonbiased, real-time data that school 5 6 districts, charter schools, and the state can access to 7 study and improve the effectiveness of substitute teachers 8 in supporting instruction and learning and to improve 9 circumstances that may cause a shortage of available 10 substitute teachers.

(1) Each substitute teacher in a public school 2. 11 shall complete the survey described in subsection 1 of this 12 section at the end of each day of teaching. The district or 13 14 charter school in which the substitute teacher is teaching for that day shall provide, by email, a web link to the 15 16 survey. If needed, the district or charter school shall 17 also provide brief access to a computer or other connected device sufficient to allow the survey to be completed. 18 The survey can also be completed on-site by the substitute 19 20 teacher using a personal device.

(2) The survey described in subsection 1 of this
section shall include, at a minimum, questions regarding:
the age and level of education of the substitute teacher,
the date of teaching, the district and school, the grade or
grades taught, information about support and interaction
with school staff, any student health or safety issues
experienced, and rate of substitute teacher pay.

3. Districts and charter schools shall annually
provide information to the department of elementary and
secondary education regarding: use of third-party
employment agencies for substitute teachers, daily rate of
substitute teacher pay, employment of full-time and part-

time substitute teachers, substitute teacher recruitment efforts, the substitute teacher interview process, and use of current school staff as substitute teachers during other assigned time.

168.205. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law to
the contrary, two or more school districts may share a
superintendent who possesses a valid Missouri
superintendent's license. If any school districts choose to
share a superintendent, they shall not be required to
receive approval from the department of elementary and
secondary education but may notify the department.

8 2. (1) Beginning July 1, 2023, subject to 9 appropriation, a school district that enters into an 10 agreement with another school district to share a 11 superintendent shall receive additional state aid under this 12 subsection.

(2) The department of elementary and secondary
education shall annually distribute thirty thousand dollars
to any school district that shares a superintendent under
this subsection. Any such amount distributed to a school
district shall be in addition to and shall not be included
in any calculation of state aid under chapter 163.

19 To receive the additional thirty thousand dollars (3) 20 under this subsection, the school district shall provide proof to the department of elementary and secondary 21 education that the school district will use all of the 22 additional thirty thousand dollars received under this 23 subsection and at least half of the amount saved as a result 24 of participating in sharing a superintendent under this 25 26 subsection to compensate teachers or to provide counseling 27 services.

(4) No school district that receives additional
 funding under this subsection shall receive such funding for
 more than five years.

168.500. 1. For the purpose of providing career pay, 2 which shall be a salary supplement, for public school 3 teachers, which for the purpose of sections 168.500 to 168.515 shall include classroom teachers, librarians, school 4 5 counselors and certificated teachers who hold positions as 6 school psychological examiners, parents as teachers 7 educators, school psychologists, special education diagnosticians and speech pathologists, and are on the 8 9 district salary schedule, there is hereby created and established a career advancement program which shall be 10 known as the "Missouri Career Development and Teacher 11 Excellence Plan", hereinafter known as the "career plan or 12 program". Participation by local school districts in the 13 14 career advancement program established under this section 15 shall be voluntary. The career advancement program is a 16 matching fund program. The general assembly may make an annual appropriation to the excellence in education fund 17 established under section 160.268 for the purpose of 18 providing the state's portion for the career advancement 19 20 program. The "Career Ladder Forward Funding Fund" is hereby 21 established in the state treasury. Beginning with fiscal year 1998 and until the career ladder forward funding fund 22 23 is terminated pursuant to this subsection, the general 24 assembly may appropriate funds to the career ladder forward funding fund. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 25 33.080 to the contrary, moneys in the fund shall not be 26 27 transferred to the credit of the general revenue fund at the end of the biennium. All interest or other gain received 28 from investment of moneys in the fund shall be credited to 29

30 the fund. All funds deposited in the fund shall be 31 maintained in the fund until such time as the balance in the 32 fund at the end of the fiscal year is equal to or greater than the appropriation for the career ladder program for the 33 following year, at which time all such revenues shall be 34 35 used to fund, in advance, the career ladder program for such following year and the career ladder forward funding fund 36 37 shall thereafter be terminated.

38 2. The department of elementary and secondary
39 education, at the direction of the commissioner of
40 education, shall study and develop model career plans which
41 shall be made available to the local school districts.
42 These state model career plans shall:

43 (1) Contain three steps or stages of career44 advancement;

45 (2) Contain a detailed procedure for the admission of46 teachers to the career program;

(3) Contain specific criteria for career step 47 48 qualifications and attainment. These criteria shall clearly describe the minimum number of professional responsibilities 49 required of the teacher at each stage of the plan and shall 50 51 include reference to classroom performance evaluations 52 performed pursuant to section 168.128. The criteria may 53 include, but shall not be limited to, teacher externships as provided in section 168.025; 54

55 (4) Be consistent with the teacher certification 56 process recommended by the Missouri advisory council of 57 certification for educators and adopted by the department of 58 elementary and secondary education;

59 (5) Provide that public school teachers in Missouri
60 shall become eligible to apply for admission to the career
61 plans adopted under sections 168.500 to 168.515 after [five]

62 two years of public school teaching in Missouri. All 63 teachers seeking admission to any career plan shall, as a 64 minimum, meet the requirements necessary to obtain the first 65 renewable professional certificate as provided in section 66 168.021;

67 (6) Provide procedures for appealing decisions made
68 under career plans established under sections 168.500 to
69 168.515.

3. School district career plans shall recognize additional responsibilities and volunteer efforts by teachers in formulating criteria for career ladder admission and stage achievement. Such additional responsibilities and volunteer efforts shall be required to occur outside of compensated hours and may include, but shall not be limited to:

(1) Serving as a coach, supervisor, or organizer for
any extracurricular activity for which the teacher does not
already receive additional compensation;

80 (2) Serving as a mentor for students, whether in a
 81 formal or informal capacity;

82 (3) Receiving additional teacher training or
 83 certification outside of that offered by the school district;

84 (4) Serving as a tutor or providing additional
85 learning opportunities to students; and

(5) Assisting students with postsecondary education
preparation including, but not limited to, teaching an ACT
or SAT preparation course or assisting students with
completing college or career school admission or financial
assistance applications.

91 4. The commissioner of education shall cause the
92 department of elementary and secondary education to
93 establish guidelines for all career plans established under

94 this section, and criteria that must be met by any school 95 district which seeks funding for its career plan.

96 [4.] 5. A participating local school district may have the option of implementing a career plan developed by the 97 department of elementary and secondary education or a local 98 99 plan which has been developed with advice from teachers employed by the district and which has met with the approval 100 101 of the department of elementary and secondary education. In 102 approving local career plans, the department of elementary 103 and secondary education may consider provisions in the plan of the local district for recognition of teacher mobility 104 from one district to another within this state. 105

106 [5.] 6. The career plans of local school districts 107 shall not discriminate on the basis of race, sex, religion, 108 national origin, color, creed, or age. Participation in the 109 career plan of a local school district is optional, and any 110 teacher who declines to participate shall not be penalized 111 in any way.

[6.] 7. In order to receive funds under this section, 112 a school district which is not subject to section 162.920 113 must have a total levy for operating purposes which is in 114 excess of the amount allowed in Section 11(b) of Article X 115 of the Missouri Constitution; and a school district which is 116 117 subject to section 162.920 must have a total levy for 118 operating purposes which is equal to or in excess of twentyfive cents on each hundred dollars of assessed valuation. 119

120 [7.] 8. The commissioner of education shall cause the 121 department of elementary and secondary education to regard a 122 speech pathologist who holds both a valid certificate of 123 license to teach and a certificate of clinical competence to 124 have fulfilled the standards required to be placed on stage 125 III of the career program, provided that such speech

126 pathologist has been employed by a public school in Missouri 127 for at least [five] two years and is approved for placement 128 at such stage III by the local school district.

[8.] 9. Beginning in fiscal year 2012, the state 129 portion of career ladder payments shall only be made 130 131 available to local school districts if the general assembly makes an appropriation for such program. Payments 132 133 authorized under sections 168.500 to 168.515 shall only be 134 made available in a year for which a state appropriation is 135 made. Any state appropriation shall be made prospectively 136 in relation to the year in which work under the program is performed. 137

[9.] 10. Nothing in this section shall be construed to
prohibit a local school district from funding the program
for its teachers for work performed in years for which no
state appropriation is made available.

168.515. 1. Each teacher selected to participate in a career plan established under sections 168.500 to 168.515, who meets the requirements of such plan, may receive a salary supplement, the state's share of which shall be distributed under section 163.031, equal to the following amounts applied to the career ladder entitlement of section 163.031:

8 (1) Career stage I teachers may receive up to an9 additional one thousand five hundred dollars per school year;

10 (2) Career stage II teachers may receive up to an11 additional three thousand dollars per school year;

(3) Career stage III teachers may receive up to an
additional five thousand dollars per school year. All
teachers within each stage within the same school district
shall receive equal salary supplements.

16 2. The state may make payments pursuant to section 163.031 to the local school district for the purpose of 17 18 providing funding to the local school district for the payment of any salary supplements provided for in this 19 20 section, subject to the availability of funds as 21 appropriated each year and distributed on a matching basis where the percentage of state funding shall be [forty] sixty 22 23 percent and the percentage of local funding shall be [sixty] 24 forty percent.

3. Not less than every fourth year, beginning with calendar year 1988, the general assembly, through the joint committee established under section 160.254, shall review the amount of the career pay provided for in this section to determine if any increases are necessary to reflect the increases in the cost of living which have occurred since the salary supplements were last reviewed or set.

32 4. To participate in the salary supplement program established under this section, a school district may submit 33 to the voters of the district a proposition to increase 34 taxes for this purpose. If a school district's current tax 35 rate ceiling is at or above the rate from which an increase 36 37 would require a two-thirds majority, the school board may submit to the voters of the district a proposition to reduce 38 39 or eliminate the amount of the levy reduction resulting from section 164.013. If a majority of the voters voting thereon 40 vote in favor of the proposition, the board may certify that 41 seventy-five percent of the revenue generated from this 42 source shall be used to implement the salary supplement 43 program established under this section. 44

45 5. In no case shall a school district use state funds
46 received under this section nor local revenue generated from
47 a tax established under subsection 4 of this section to

48 comply with the minimum salary requirements for teachers49 established pursuant to section 163.172.

1. This section shall be known as the 170.014. 2 "Reading Instruction Act" and is enacted to ensure that all public schools including charter schools establish reading 3 4 programs in kindergarten through grade [three] five based in 5 scientific research. "Evidence-based reading instruction" 6 includes practices that have been proven effective through 7 evaluation of the outcomes for large numbers of students and 8 are highly likely to be effective in improving reading if 9 implemented with fidelity. Such programs shall include the essential components of phonemic awareness, phonics, 10 fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, and all new teachers 11 who teach reading in kindergarten through grade three shall 12 receive adequate training in these areas. 13

14 2. [The program described in subsection 1 of this
15 section may include "explicit systematic phonics", which,
16 for the purposes of this section, shall mean the methodology
17 of pronouncing and reading words by learning the phonetic
18 sound association of individual letters, letter groups, and
19 syllables, and the principles governing these associations.

3.] Every public school in the state shall offer a
reading program as described in subsection 1 of this section
for kindergarten through grade [three] five.

170.018. 1. (1) For purposes of this section,
"computer science course" means a course in which students
study computers and algorithmic processes, including their
principles, hardware and software designs, implementation,
and impact on society. The term shall include, but not be
limited to, a stand-alone course at any elementary, middle,
or high school or a course at any elementary or middle

# 8 school that embeds computer science content within other 9 subjects.

The department of elementary and secondary 10 (2) education shall, before July 1, 2019, develop a high school 11 graduation policy that allows a student to fulfill one unit 12 13 of academic credit with a district-approved computer science course meeting the standards of subsection 2 of this section 14 for any mathematics, science, or practical arts unit 15 required for high school graduation. The policy shall 16 17 require that all students have either taken all courses that require end-of-course examinations for math and science or 18 are on track to take all courses that require end-of-course 19 examinations for math and science under the Missouri school 20 improvement program in order to receive credit toward high 21 22 school graduation under this subsection.

23 (3) A school district shall communicate to students 24 electing to use a computer science course for a mathematics unit that some institutions of higher education may require 25 four units of academic credit in mathematics for college 26 admission. The parent, guardian, or legal custodian of each 27 student who chooses to take a computer science course to 28 29 fulfill a unit of academic credit in mathematics shall sign 30 and submit to the school district a document containing a 31 statement acknowledging that taking a computer science course to fulfill a unit of academic credit in mathematics 32 may have an adverse effect on college admission decisions. 33

34 (4) The department of elementary and secondary
35 education and the department of higher education and
36 workforce development shall cooperate in developing and
37 implementing academic requirements for computer science
38 courses offered in any grade or grades not lower than the
39 ninth nor higher than the twelfth grade.

40 2. (1)The department of elementary and secondary 41 education shall convene a work group to develop and 42 recommend rigorous academic performance standards relating to computer science for students in kindergarten and in each 43 grade not higher than the twelfth grade. The work group 44 45 shall include, but not be limited to, educators providing instruction in kindergarten or in any grade not higher than 46 47 the twelfth grade and representatives from the department of elementary and secondary education, the department of higher 48 49 education and workforce development, business and industry, 50 and institutions of higher education. The department of elementary and secondary education shall develop written 51 curriculum frameworks relating to computer science that may 52 be used by school districts. The requirements of section 53 54 160.514 shall not apply to this section.

55 (2) The state board of education shall adopt and
56 implement academic performance standards relating to
57 computer science beginning in the 2019-20 school year.

Before July 1, 2019, the department of elementary 58 3. and secondary education shall develop a procedure by which 59 any teacher who holds a certificate of license to teach 60 61 under section 168.021 and demonstrates sufficient content knowledge of computer science shall receive a special 62 63 endorsement on [his or her] the teacher's license signifying [his or her] the teacher's specialized knowledge in computer 64 65 science.

66 4. (1) For purposes of this subsection, "eligible67 entity" means:

68 (a) A local educational agency, or a consortium of
69 local educational agencies, in the state, including charter
70 schools that have declared themselves local educational
71 agencies;

(b) An institution of higher education in the state; or
(c) A nonprofit or private provider of nationally
recognized and high-quality computer science professional
development, as determined by the department of elementary
and secondary education.

77 There is hereby created in the state treasury the (2) "Computer Science Education Fund". The fund shall consist 78 79 of all moneys that may be appropriated to it by the general 80 assembly and any gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests 81 received from private or other sources for the purpose of providing teacher professional development programs relating 82 to computer science. The state treasurer shall be custodian 83 of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, 84 the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund 85 shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in 86 87 the fund shall be used solely for the administration of 88 grants to eligible entities as described in this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the 89 contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the 90 biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general 91 revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in 92 93 the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be 94 95 credited to the fund.

96 (3) The state board of education shall award grants
97 from the computer science education fund to eligible
98 entities for the purpose of providing teacher professional
99 development programs relating to computer science. An
100 eligible entity wishing to receive such a grant shall submit
101 an application to the department of elementary and secondary
102 education addressing how the entity plans to:

103 (a) Reach new and existing teachers with little 104 computer science background; Use effective practices for professional 105 (b) 106 development; 107 Focus the training on the conceptual foundations (C) 108 of computer science; Reach and support historically underrepresented 109 (d) 110 students in computer science; 111 Provide teachers with concrete experience with (e) 112 hands-on, inquiry-based practices; and 113 (f) Accommodate the particular needs of students and teachers in each district and school. 114 (1) For all school years beginning on or after 115 5. 116 July 1, 2023, each public high school and charter high 117 school shall offer at least one computer science course in 118 an in-person setting or as a virtual or distance course 119 option. 120 Any computer science course or instruction offered (2) under this subsection shall: 121 122 Be of high quality as defined by the state board (a) 123 of education; 124 Meet or exceed the computer science performance (b) 125 standards developed and adopted by the department of 126 elementary and secondary education under this section; and 127 (c) For any computer science course offered by a public high school or charter high school, be offered in 128 129 such school's course catalog. 130 (3) On or before June thirtieth of each school year, 131 each school district shall submit to the department of 132 elementary and secondary education a report for the current 133 school year which shall include, but not be limited to:

The names and course codes of computer science 134 (a) courses offered in each school in the district with a course 135 description and which computer science performance standards 136 are covered, to the extent such information is available; 137 The number and percentage of students who enrolled 138 (b) 139 in each computer science course, listed by the categories in subparagraphs a. to f. of this paragraph. 140 If a category 141 contains one to five students or contains a quantity of 142 students that would allow the quantity of another category 143 that contains five or fewer to be deduced, the number shall be replaced with a symbol: 144 145 a. Sex; Race and ethnicity; 146 b. Special education status including, but not limited 147 c. 148 to, students receiving services under the federal 149 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) (20 150 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq., as amended) or Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 151 794), as amended; 152 153 d. English language learner status; Eligibility for free or reduced price meals; and 154 e. f. Grade level; and 155 156 The number of computer science instructors at each (c) 157 school, listed by the following categories: a. Applicable certifications; 158 b. 159 Sex; c. Race and ethnicity; and 160 Highest academic degree. 161 d. (4) On or before September thirtieth of each school 162 163 year, the department of elementary and secondary education 164 shall post the following on the department's website:

(a) Data received under paragraphs (a) and (b) of
 subdivision (3) of this subsection, disaggregated by school
 and aggregated statewide; and

(b) Data received under paragraph (c) of subdivision
(3) of this subsection, aggregated statewide.

(5) On or before June thirtieth of each school year, the department of elementary and secondary education shall publish a list of computer science course codes and names with a course description and an indication of which courses meet or exceed the department of elementary and secondary education's computer science performance standards.

6. The department of elementary and secondary
education shall appoint a computer science supervisor. The
computer science supervisor shall be responsible for
implementing the provisions of this section.

180 7. For all school years beginning on or after July 1, 181 2023, a computer science course successfully completed and 182 counted toward state graduation requirements shall be 183 equivalent to one science course or one practical arts 184 credit for the purpose of satisfying any admission 185 requirements of any public institution of higher education 186 in this state.

187 8. The department of elementary and secondary 188 education shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that 189 term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under 190 the authority delegated in this section shall become 191 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of 192 the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 193 194 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and 195 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 196

197 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 198 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 199 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after December 200 18, 2018, shall be invalid and void.

170.036. 1. There is hereby established the "Computer
2 Science Education Task Force" within the department of
3 elementary and secondary education.

4 2. The task force shall consist of the following
5 members:

6 (1) Two members of the house of representatives, with 7 one member to be appointed by the speaker of the house of 8 representatives and one member to be appointed by the 9 minority leader of the house of representatives;

10 (2) Two members of the senate, with one member to be 11 appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and one 12 member to be appointed by the minority leader of the senate;

(3) The governor or the governor's designee;

14 (4) The commissioner of education or the

15 commissioner's designee;

16 (5) The commissioner of higher education or the
 17 commissioner's designee;

(6) Nine members who represent the interests of each
 of the following groups, to be appointed by the commissioner
 of education:

21

13

(a) The state board of education;

(b) Private industry in this state with interest in
 computer science;

24

(c) Nonprofit organizations;

25 (d) An association of school superintendents;

(e) A statewide association representing computer
 science teachers;

A secondary teacher leader from career and 28 (f) 29 technical education representing computer science teachers; (g) An association of school board members; 30 An association of elementary school principals; and 31 (h) 32 An association of secondary school principals; (i) 33 (7) A representative from a Missouri institution of higher education, to be appointed by the commissioner of 34 35 higher education; and 36 (8) A representative from a Missouri private, 37 nonprofit institution of higher education, to be appointed 38 by the commissioner of higher education. The mission of the computer science education task 39 3.

40 force shall be to develop a state strategic plan for 41 expanding a statewide computer science education program, 42 including the following:

(1) A statement of purpose that describes the
objectives or goals the state board of education will
accomplish by implementing a computer science education
program, the strategies by which those goals will be
achieved, and a timeline for achieving those goals;

48 (2) A summary of the current state landscape for K-12
 49 computer science education, including demographic reporting
 50 of students taking these courses;

51 (3) A plan for expanding computer science education 52 opportunities to every school in the state within five years and increasing the representation of students from 53 traditionally underserved groups, in computer science 54 including female students, students from historically 55 underrepresented racial and ethnic groups, students with 56 57 disabilities, English-language learner students, students 58 who qualify for free and reduced-price meals, and rural 59 students;

60 (4) Within one year of the task force forming, a plan
61 for schools serving any student in grades kindergarten
62 through eighth grade to provide instruction in the basics of
63 computer science and computation thinking in an integrated
64 or standalone format beginning in the 2024-25 school year
65 without creating learning loss in the existing curriculum;

66 (5) A plan for ensuring teachers are well-prepared to
67 begin teaching computer science, including defining high
68 quality professional learning for in-service teachers and
69 strategies for pre-service teacher preparation;

(6) A plan for ensuring teachers are well-prepared to
begin teaching computer science, including defining highquality professional learning for in-service teachers and
strategies for pre-service teacher preparation;

74 (7) An ongoing evaluation process that is overseen by
75 the state board of education;

(8) Proposed rules that incorporate the principles of
the master plan into the state's public education system as
a whole; and

79 (9) A plan to ensure long-term sustainability for
80 computer science education.

4. The speaker of the house of representatives shall designate the chair of the task force, and the president pro tempore of the senate shall designate the vice chair of the task force.

5. Members of the task force shall serve without compensation, but the members and any staff assigned to the task force shall receive reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in attending meetings of the task force or any subcommittee thereof. All task force members shall be subject to the same conflict of interest provisions in chapter 105 that are enforced by the Missouri

92 ethics commission in the same manner that elected or
93 appointed officials and employees are subject to such
94 provisions.

95 6. The task force shall hold its first meeting within
96 three months from the effective date of this section.

97 7. Before June 30, 2023, the task force shall present
98 a summary of its activities and any recommendations for
99 legislation to the general assembly.

100 8. The computer science education task force shall
101 dissolve on June 30, 2024.

170.047. 1. This section shall be known and may be
cited as the "Jason Flatt/Avery Reine Cantor Act".

2. Beginning in the 2017-18 school year and 3 (1) 4 continuing until the end of the 2022-23 school year, any 5 licensed educator may annually complete up to two hours of training or professional development in youth suicide 6 7 awareness and prevention as part of the professional development hours required for state board of education 8 certification. 9

10 Beginning in the 2023-24 school year and (2) continuing in subsequent school years, the practicing 11 teacher assistance programs established under section 12 168.400 may offer and include at least two hours of in-13 14 service training provided by each local school district for 15 all practicing teachers in such district regarding suicide prevention. Each school year, all teachers, principals, and 16 licensed educators in each district may attend such training 17 or complete training on suicide prevention through self-18 review of suicide prevention materials. Attendance at the 19 20 training shall count as two contact hours of professional 21 development under section 168.021 and shall count as two 22 hours of any other such training required under this section.

The department of elementary and secondary 23 [2.1 **3**. education shall develop guidelines suitable for training or 24 professional development in youth suicide awareness and 25 prevention. The department [shall] **may** develop materials 26 that may be used for [such] **the** training [or professional 27 28 development] described under subsection 2 of this section or may offer districts materials developed by a third party 29 that districts may use for the training. 30

31 [3.] 4. For purposes of this section, the term
32 "licensed educator" shall refer to any teacher with a
33 certificate of license to teach issued by the state board of
34 education or any other educator or administrator required to
35 maintain a professional license issued by the state board of
36 education.

37 [4.] 5. The department of elementary and secondary
38 education may promulgate rules and regulations to implement
39 this section.

[5.] 6. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is 40 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 41 authority delegated in this section shall become effective 42 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 43 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 44 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 45 46 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 47 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 48 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 49 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 50 2016, shall be invalid and void. 51

170.048. 1. By July 1, 2018, each district shalladopt a policy for youth suicide awareness and prevention,

3 including plans for how the district will provide for the4 training and education of its district employees.

5 2. Each district's policy shall address and include,6 but not be limited to, the following:

7 (1) Strategies that can help identify students who are8 at possible risk of suicide;

9 (2) Strategies and protocols for helping students at10 possible risk of suicide; and

11

(3) Protocols for responding to a suicide death.

12 3. By July 1, 2017, the department of elementary and secondary education shall develop a model policy that 13 districts may adopt. When developing the model policy, the 14 department shall cooperate, consult with, and seek input 15 from organizations that have expertise in youth suicide 16 awareness and prevention. By July 1, 2021, and at least 17 every three years thereafter, the department shall request 18 19 information and seek feedback from districts on their experience with the policy for youth suicide awareness and 20 prevention. The department shall review this information 21 and may use it to adapt the department's model policy. The 22 department shall post any information on its website that it 23 has received from districts that it deems relevant. The 24 department shall not post any confidential information or 25 26 any information that personally identifies any student or 27 school employee.

4. (1) Beginning July 1, 2023, a public school or charter school that serves any pupils in grades seven to twelve and that issues pupil identification cards shall have printed on either side of the cards the three-digit dialing code that directs calls and routes text messages to the Suicide and Crisis Lifeline, 988.

(2) If, on July 1, 2023, a public school or charter
school subject to the requirements of this subsection has a
supply of unissued pupil identification cards that do not
comply with the requirements of subdivision (1) of this
subsection, the school shall issue those cards until that
supply is depleted.

40 (3) Subdivision (1) of this subsection shall apply to
41 a pupil identification card issued for the first time to a
42 pupil and to a card issued to replace a damaged or lost card.

170.307. 1. For school year 2022-23 and each school year thereafter, upon graduation from high school, pupils in public schools and charter schools shall have received mental health awareness training given any time during a pupil's four years of high school.

6 2. Beginning in school year 2022-23, any public school or charter school serving grades nine through twelve shall 7 8 provide enrolled students instruction in mental health 9 Students with disabilities may participate to awareness. the extent appropriate as determined by the provisions of 10 the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or Section 11 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. Instruction shall be 12 included in the district's existing health or physical 13 14 education curriculum. Instruction shall be based on a 15 program established by the department of elementary and 16 secondary education.

3. The department of elementary and secondary education shall promulgate rules to develop a model curriculum to be used by school districts to provide the instruction required by this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is

24 subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 25 26 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay 27 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 28 29 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after 30 August 28, 2022, shall be invalid and void. 31

171.033. 1. "Inclement weather", for purposes of this
section, shall be defined as ice, snow, extreme cold,
excessive heat, flooding, or a tornado.

2. (1) A district shall be required to make up the 4 first six days of school lost or cancelled due to inclement 5 weather and half the number of days lost or cancelled in 6 7 excess of six days if the makeup of the days is necessary to ensure that the district's students will attend a minimum of 8 9 one hundred forty-two days and a minimum of one thousand forty-four hours for the school year except as otherwise 10 provided in this section. Schools with a four-day school 11 week may schedule such make-up days on Fridays. 12

Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this 13 (2)subsection, in school year 2019-20 and subsequent years, a 14 district shall be required to make up the first thirty-six 15 16 hours of school lost or cancelled due to inclement weather and half the number of hours lost or cancelled in excess of 17 18 thirty-six if the makeup of the hours is necessary to ensure that the district's students attend a minimum of one 19 thousand forty-four hours for the school year, except as 20 otherwise provided under subsections 3 and 4 of this section. 21

3. (1) In the 2009-10 school year and subsequent
years, a school district may be exempt from the requirement
to make up days of school lost or cancelled due to inclement

25 weather in the school district when the school district has 26 made up the six days required under subsection 2 of this 27 section and half the number of additional lost or cancelled 28 days up to eight days, resulting in no more than ten total 29 make-up days required by this section.

30 In school year 2019-20 and subsequent years, a (2) school district may be exempt from the requirement to make 31 32 up school lost or cancelled due to inclement weather in the school district when the school district has made up the 33 34 thirty-six hours required under subsection 2 of this section and half the number of additional lost or cancelled hours up 35 to forty-eight, resulting in no more than sixty total make-36 up hours required by this section. 37

4. The commissioner of education may provide, for any 38 school district that cannot meet the minimum school calendar 39 40 requirement of at least one hundred seventy-four days for 41 schools with a five-day school week or one hundred forty-two days for schools with a four-day school week and one 42 thousand forty-four hours of actual pupil attendance or, in 43 school year 2019-20 and subsequent years, one thousand forty-44 four hours of actual pupil attendance, upon request, a 45 waiver to be excused from such requirement. This waiver 46 shall be requested from the commissioner of education and 47 may be granted if the school was closed due to circumstances 48 beyond school district control, including inclement weather 49 50 or fire.

5. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this 52 subsection, in school year 2020-21 and subsequent years, a 53 district shall not be required to make up any hours of 54 school lost or cancelled due to exceptional or emergency 55 circumstances during a school year if the district has an 56 alternative methods of instruction plan approved by the

57 department of elementary and secondary education for such school year. Exceptional or emergency circumstances shall 58 59 include, but not be limited to, inclement weather, a utility outage, or an outbreak of a contagious disease. 60 The department of elementary and secondary education shall not 61 62 approve any such plan unless the district demonstrates that the plan will not negatively impact teaching and learning in 63 64 the district.

If school is closed due to exceptional or 65 (2) 66 emergency circumstances and the district has an approved alternative methods of instruction plan, the district shall 67 notify students and parents on each day of the closure 68 whether the alternative methods of instruction plan is to be 69 implemented for that day. If the plan is to be implemented 70 71 on any day of the closure, the district shall ensure that each student receives assignments for that day in hard copy 72 73 form or receives instruction through virtual learning or another method of instruction. 74

75 (3) A district with an approved alternative methods of instruction plan shall not use alternative methods of 76 77 instruction as provided for in the plan for more than thirtysix hours during a school year. A district that has used 78 79 such alternative methods of instruction for thirty-six hours 80 during a school year shall be required, notwithstanding 81 subsections 2 and 3 of this section, to make up any subsequent hours of school lost or cancelled due to 82 83 exceptional or emergency circumstances during such school 84 year.

85 (4) The department of elementary and secondary
86 education shall give districts with approved alternative
87 methods of instruction plans credit for the hours in which

88 they use alternative methods of instruction by considering 89 such hours as hours in which school was actually in session.

90 (5) Any district wishing to use alternative methods of 91 instruction under this subsection shall submit an 92 application to the department of elementary and secondary 93 education. The application shall describe:

94 (a) The manner in which the district intends to 95 strengthen and reinforce instructional content while 96 supporting student learning outside the classroom 97 environment;

98 (b) The process the district intends to use to
99 communicate to students and parents the decision to
100 implement alternative methods of instruction on any day of a
101 closure;

(c) The manner in which the district intends to communicate the purpose and expectations for a day in which alternative methods of instruction will be implemented to students and parents;

106 (d) The assignments and materials to be used within 107 the district for days in which alternative methods of 108 instruction will be implemented to effectively facilitate 109 teaching and support learning for the benefit of the 110 students;

(e) The manner in which student attendance will be determined for a day in which alternative methods of instruction will be implemented. The method chosen shall be linked to completion of lessons and activities;

(f) The instructional methods, which shall include instruction through electronic means and instruction through other means for students who have no access to internet services or a computer;

119	(g)	Instructional	plans	for	students	with
120	individual	lized educatic	n progi	rams;	and	

121 (h) The role and responsibility of certified personnel122 to be available to communicate with students.

[For the 2018-19 school year, a district shall be 123 6. 124 exempt from the requirements of subsections 2 and 3 of this section, and only be required to make up the first six days 125 of school lost or cancelled due to inclement weather] In the 126 127 2022-23 school year and subsequent years, a school 128 district's one-half-day education programs shall be subject 129 to the following provisions in proportions appropriate for a one-half-day education program, as applicable: 130

(1) Requirements in subsection 2 of this section to
make up days or hours of school lost or cancelled because of
inclement weather;

134

(2) Exemptions in subsection 3 of this section;

135 (3) Waiver provisions in subsection 4 of this section;136 and

137 (4) Approved alternative methods of instruction
 138 provisions in subsection 5 of this section.

173.831. 1. As used in this section, the following 2 terms mean:

3 (1) "Academic skill intake assessment", a criterion-4 referenced assessment of numeracy and literacy skills with 5 high reliability and validity as determined by third-party 6 research;

7 (2) "Accredited", holding an active accreditation from 8 one of the seven United States regional accreditors 9 including, but not limited to, the Middle States Commission 10 on Higher Education, the New England Association of Schools 11 and Colleges, the Higher Learning Commission, the Northwest 12 Commission on Colleges and Universities, the Southern

Association of Colleges and Schools, the Western Association of Schools and Colleges, and the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges, as well as any successor entities or consolidations of the above including, but not limited to, AdvancEd or Cognia;

(3) "Adult dropout recovery services", includes, but
is not limited to, sourcing, recruitment, and engagement of
eligible students, learning plan development, active
teaching, and proactive coaching and mentoring, resulting in
an accredited high school diploma;

(4) "Approved program provider", a public, not-forprofit, or other entity that meets the requirements of
subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section or any
consortium of such entities;

(5) "Average cost per graduate", the amount of the total program funding reimbursed to an approved program provider for each cohort during the period of time from the beginning of the same cohort through the subsequent twelve months after the close of the same cohort, divided by the total number of students who graduated from the same cohort within twelve months after the close of the same cohort;

34 (6) "Career pathways coursework", one or more courses
35 that align with the skill needs of industries in the economy
36 of the state or region that help an individual enter or
37 advance within a specific occupation or occupational cluster;

(7) "Career placement services", services designed to
assist students in obtaining employment, such as career
interest self-assessments and job search skills such as
resume development and mock interviews;

42 (8) "Coaching", proactive communication between the 43 approved program provider and the student related to the

44 student's pace and progress through the student's learning 45 plan;

46 (9) "Cohort", students who enter the program between
47 July first and June thirtieth of each program year;

48 (10) "Department", the department of elementary and
 49 secondary education;

(11) "Employability skills certification", a
certificate earned by demonstrating professional
nontechnical skills through assessment, portfolio, or
observation;

(12) "Graduate", a student who has successfully
 completed all of the state and approved program provider
 requirements in order to obtain a high school diploma;

57 (13) "Graduation rate", the total number of graduates 58 from a cohort who graduated within twelve months after the 59 close of the cohort divided by the total number of students 60 included in the same cohort;

61 (14) "Graduation requirements", course and credit
62 requirements for the approved program provider's accredited
63 high school diploma;

64 (15) "High school diploma", a diploma issued by an
 65 accredited institution;

(16) "Industry-recognized credential", an educationrelated credential or work-related credential that verifies
an individual's qualification or competence issued by a
third party with the relevant authority to issue such
credential;

(17) "Learning plan", a documented plan for courses or credits needed for each individual in order to complete program and approved program provider graduation requirements;

(18) "Mentoring", a direct relationship between a coach and a student to facilitate the completion of the student's learning plan designed to prepare the student to succeed in the program and the student's future endeavors;

(19) "Milestones", objective measures of progress for which payment is made to an approved program provider under this section such as earned units of high school credit, attainment of an employability skills certificate, attainment of an industry-recognized credential, attainment of a technical skills assessment, and attainment of an accredited high school diploma;

86 (20) "Program", the workforce diploma program
87 established in this section;

(21) "Request for qualifications", a request for
interested potential program providers to submit evidence
that they meet the qualifications established in subsection
3 of this section;

92 (22) "Stackable credential", a third party credential
93 that is part of a sequence of credentials that can be
94 accumulated over time to build up an individual's
95 qualifications to advance along a career pathway;

96 (23) "Student", a participant in the program
97 established in this section who is twenty-one years of age
98 or older, who is a resident of Missouri, and who has not yet
99 earned a high school diploma;

(24) "Technical skills assessment", a criterionreferenced assessment of an individual's skills required for
an entry-level career or additional training in a technical
field;

104 (25) "Transcript evaluation", a documented summary of
 105 credits earned in previous public or private accredited high

106 schools compared with the program and approved program 107 provider graduation requirements;

(26) "Unit of high school credit", credit awarded
based on a student's demonstration that the student has
successfully met the content expectations for the credit
area as defined by subject area standards, expectations, or
guidelines.

113 2. There is hereby established the "Workforce Diploma 114 Program" within the department of elementary and secondary 115 education to assist students with obtaining a high school 116 diploma and developing employability and career technical 117 skills. The program may be delivered in campus-based, 118 blended, or online modalities.

3. (1) Before September 1, 2022, and annually
thereafter, the department shall issue a request for
qualifications for interested program providers to become
approved program providers and participate in the program.

123 (2) Each approved program provider shall meet all of124 the following qualifications:

125 (a) Be an accredited high school diploma-granting
126 entity;

127 (b) Have a minimum of two years of experience
128 providing adult dropout recovery services;

(c) Provide academic skill intake assessments and
 transcript evaluations to each student. Such academic skill
 intake assessments may be administered in person or online;

(d) Develop a learning plan for each student that
integrates graduation requirements and career goals;

(e) Provide a course catalog that includes all courses
 necessary to meet graduation requirements;

(f) Offer remediation opportunities in literacy and
 numeracy, as applicable;

(g) Offer employability skills certification, asapplicable;

(h) Offer career pathways coursework, as applicable;
(i) Ability to provide preparation for industryrecognized credentials or stackable credentials, a technical
skills assessment, or a combination thereof; and

144

(j) Offer career placement services, as applicable.

(3) Upon confirmation by the department that an
interested program provider meets all of the qualifications
listed in subdivision (2) of this subsection, an interested
program provider shall become an approved program provider.

4. (1) The department shall announce the approved
program providers before October sixteenth annually, with
authorization for the approved program providers to begin
enrolling students before November fifteenth annually.

(2) Approved program providers shall maintain approval
 without reapplying annually if the approved program provider
 has not been removed from the approved program provider list
 under this section.

157 5. All approved program providers shall comply with
 158 requirements as provided by the department to ensure:

(1) An accurate accounting of a student's accumulated
 credits toward a high school diploma;

161 (2) An accurate accounting of credits necessary to
 162 complete a high school diploma; and

163 (3) The provision of coursework aligned to the
 164 academic performance standards of the state.

6. (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this
subsection, the department shall pay an amount as set by the
department to approved program providers for the following
milestones provided by the approved program provider:
(a) Completion of each half unit of high school credit;

(b) Attainment of an employability skillscertification;

(c) Attainment of an industry-recognized credential,
technical skills assessment, or stackable credential
requiring no more than fifty hours of training;

(d) Attainment of an industry-recognized credential or
stackable credential requiring at least fifty-one but no
more than one hundred hours of training;

(e) Attainment of an industry-recognized credential or
 stackable credential requiring more than one hundred hours
 of training; and

181

(f) Attainment of an accredited high school diploma.

No approved program provider shall receive funding 182 (2) for a student under this section if the approved program 183 184 provider receives federal or state funding or private 185 tuition for that student. No approved program provider 186 shall charge student fees of any kind including, but not limited to, textbook fees, tuition fees, lab fees, or 187 participation fees unless the student chooses to obtain 188 189 additional education offered by the approved program 190 provider that is not included in the state-funded program.

(3) Payments made under this subsection shall be
subject to an appropriation made to the department for such
purposes.

194 7. (1) Approved program providers shall submit
195 monthly invoices to the department before the eleventh
196 calendar day of each month for milestones met in the
197 previous calendar month.

198 (2) The department shall pay approved program
 199 providers in the order in which invoices are submitted until
 200 all available funds are exhausted.

(3) The department shall provide a written update to approved program providers by the last calendar day of each month. The update shall include the aggregate total dollars that have been paid to approved program providers to date and the estimated number of enrollments still available for the program year.

8. Before July sixteenth of each year, each provider
shall report the following metrics to the department for
each individual cohort, on a cohort-by-cohort basis:

(1) The total number of students who have been funded
through the program;

212

(2) The total number of credits earned;

213 (3) The total number of employability skills
214 certifications issued;

215 (4) The total number of industry-recognized
216 credentials, stackable credentials, and technical skills
217 assessments earned for each tier of funding;

218

(5) The total number of graduates;

(6) The average cost per graduate once the stipulated
time to make such a calculation has passed; and

(7) The graduation rate once the stipulated time tomake such a calculation has passed.

223 9. (1) Before September sixteenth of each year, each 224 approved program provider shall conduct and submit to the 225 department the aggregate results of a survey of each individual cohort, on a cohort-by-cohort basis, who 226 graduated from the program of the approved program provider 227 228 under this section. The survey shall be conducted in the year after the year in which the individuals graduate and 229 230 the next four consecutive years.

(2) The survey shall include at least the following
 data collection elements for each year the survey is
 conducted:

(a) The individual's employment status, including
 whether the individual is employed full time or part time;

236

(b) The individual's hourly wages;

(c) The individual's access to employer-sponsored
 health care; and

(d) The individual's postsecondary enrollment status,
including whether the individual has completed a
postsecondary certificate or degree program.

10. (1) Beginning at the end of the second fiscal year of the program, the department shall review data from each approved program provider to ensure that each is achieving minimum program performance standards including, but not limited to:

247 (a) A minimum fifty percent average graduation rate
 248 per cohort; and

(b) An average cost per graduate per cohort of seven
thousand dollars or less.

(2) Any approved program provider that fails to meet
the minimum program performance standards described in
subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be placed on
probationary status for the remainder of the fiscal year by
the department.

(3) Any approved program provider that fails to meet
the minimum program performance standards described in
subdivision (1) of this subsection for two consecutive years
shall be removed from the approved program provider list by
the department.

261 11. (1) No approved program provider shall
 262 discriminate against a student on the basis of race, color,

religion, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexuality, gender,
or age.

(2) If an approved program provider determines that a
 student would be better served by participating in a
 different program, the approved program provider may refer
 the student to the state's adult basic education services.

There is hereby created in the state treasury 269 12. (1) 270 the "Workforce Diploma Program Fund", which shall consist of 271 any grants, gifts, donations, bequests, or moneys 272 appropriated under this section. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 273 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve 274 disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon 275 276 appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely as 277 provided in this section.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080
to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end
of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the
general revenue fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the
fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any
interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be
credited to the fund.

286 13. The director of the department may promulgate all 287 necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term 288 is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 289 290 authority delegated in this section shall become effective 291 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 292 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 293 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and 294 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly

295 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 296 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently 297 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 298 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 299 2022, shall be invalid and void.

300 14. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
301 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under
302 this section shall automatically sunset six years after the
303 effective date of this section unless reauthorized by an act
304 of the general assembly; and

305 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program
 306 authorized under this section shall automatically sunset
 307 twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization
 308 of this section; and

309 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of
 310 the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in
 311 which the program authorized under this section is sunset.

173.1352. 1. As used in this section, the following 2 terms mean:

3 (1) "Advanced placement examination", any examination
4 administered through the College Board's Advanced Placement
5 Program (AP);

6 (2) "Institution", any in-state public community
7 college, college, or university that offers postsecondary
8 freshman-level courses.

9 2. (1) Each institution shall adopt and implement a 10 policy to grant undergraduate course credit to entering 11 freshman students for each advanced placement examination 12 upon which such student achieves a score of three or higher 13 for any similarly correlated course offered by the 14 institution at the time of such student's acceptance into 15 the institution.

16

(2) In the policy, the institution shall:

(a) Establish the institution's conditions for
 granting course credit; and

(b) Identify the specific course credit or other
academic requirements of the institution, including the
number of semester credit hours or other course credit, that
the institution will grant to a student who achieves
required scores on advanced placement examinations.

3. On request of an applicant for admission as an entering freshman, and based on information provided by the applicant, an institution shall determine and notify the applicant regarding:

(1) The amount and type of any course credit that
 would be granted to the applicant under the policy; and

30 (2) Any other academic requirement that the applicant
 31 would satisfy under the policy.

178.694. 1. As used in this section, the following 2 terms mean:

3 (1) "Affiliate", the Dolly Parton's imagination
4 library affiliate created under this section;

5 (2) "Department", the department of elementary and 6 secondary education;

7 (3) "Eligible child", any child under five years of
8 age who resides in this state;

9 (4) "Program", the imagination library of Missouri
10 program established in this section;

(5) "Reading selection", a high-quality, ageappropriate book provided to an eligible child under the
program established in this section.

14 2. There is hereby established in the department's
15 office of childhood the "Imagination Library of Missouri
16 Program", which shall be a statewide program for encouraging

preschool children to read by providing monthly reading
selections to the homes of children from birth to five years
of age.

The office of childhood shall establish a nonprofit 20 3. entity to work in conjunction with school districts in 21 22 mailing monthly reading selections directly to the homes of The entity shall be known as the "Dolly 23 eligible children. 24 Parton's Imagination Library Affiliate" and shall be the 25 statewide affiliate that works in conjunction with Dolly 26 Parton's Imagination Library and school districts to provide 27 reading selections under this section.

Beginning in school year 2023-24 and continuing in 28 4. each subsequent school year, each school district shall, in 29 30 partnership with the affiliate, give one reading selection 31 to each eligible child in the school district in each month, 32 beginning as early as the child's birth month through the 33 month in which the child reaches five years of age. Subject to appropriation, the costs of giving such reading 34 selections to eligible children shall be reimbursed to each 35 school district from the imagination library of Missouri 36 37 fund created in this section.

38

5. The department shall promulgate rules to:

39

(1) Manage the daily operations of the program;

40 (2) Coordinate with organizations and public schools
41 of this state to advance and strengthen the program and
42 promote enrollment growth;

43 (3) Develop, promote, and coordinate a public
44 awareness program to make donors aware of the opportunity to
45 donate to the imagination library of Missouri fund;

46 (4) Develop, promote, and coordinate a public
47 awareness program to make the public aware of the

48 opportunity to register children to receive age-appropriate
49 books on a monthly basis; and

50 (5) Allow the department to implement and administer 51 the provisions of this section.

There is hereby created in the state treasury 52 6. (1) 53 the "Imagination Library of Missouri Program Fund", which shall consist of any gifts, bequests, grants, public or 54 private donations, transfers, or moneys appropriated under 55 56 this section. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the 57 fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall 58 be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in this 59 fund shall be used solely as provided in this section. 60

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080
to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end
of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the
general revenue fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the
fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any
interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be
credited to the fund.

69 The general assembly shall appropriate at least two 7. 70 and a half million dollars annually to the imagination 71 library of Missouri program fund. In the department's budget requests for school year 2023-24 and all subsequent 72 school years, the department shall include a plan to 73 distribute sufficient moneys to school districts to allow 74 each school district to give reading selections to all 75 eligible children within the school district under this 76 77 section.

78 8. To comply with this section, a school district may,
79 in coordination with the department's office of childhood,

80 enter into an agreement, partnership, or similar arrangement 81 with an adjacent school district. If the school district 82 finds that no adjacent school district gives reading 83 selections to eligible children as provided in this section, 84 the school district may request the department's office of 85 childhood and the affiliate to assist the school district in 86 complying with this section.

87

9. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:

(1) The provisions of the new program authorized under
this section shall automatically sunset on December thirtyfirst four years after the effective date of this section
unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and

92 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program
93 authorized under this section shall automatically sunset on
94 December thirty-first eight years after the effective date
95 of the reauthorization of this section; and

96 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of
97 the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in
98 which the program authorized under this section is sunset.

186.080. 1. The commissioner of education shall establish a literacy advisory council. The council shall consist of no more than twenty members, appointed by the commissioner, and shall include members representing the following stakeholder groups:

6 (1) School boards;

(2)

- 7
- (1) School Doards,
- .
- (3) School superintendents;

Charter schools;

8 9

(4) Elementary and secondary building principals;

10 (5) At least three teachers, including at least two
11 teachers with expertise in reading instruction;

12 (6) At least two special education educators;

13 (7) At least two parents of elementary and secondary
14 school-age pupils who have struggled with literacy
15 proficiency;

16 (8) At least two community members who have struggled
17 with literacy proficiency or supported others who have
18 struggled with literacy proficiency, at least one of whom
19 shall be a high school student;

20

(9) One member from dyslexia advocacy group;

(10) Faculty members of institutions of higher
 education with approved teacher preparation programs;

(11) Professionals with expertise in reading
 instruction, reading interventions, and how students learn
 to read including one certified academic language therapist;
 and

27 (12) Professionals with expertise in educational
28 assessment data analysis.

29 2. The council shall meet at least twice per year to
30 review best practices in literacy instruction and related
31 policy provisions. The department shall provide necessary
32 staff and resources for the work of the advisory council.

33 3. The council shall periodically provide 34 recommendations to the commissioner and the state board of 35 education regarding any identified improvements to literacy 36 instruction and policy for students. The recommendations 37 may include recommendations for changes to state law, and 38 the commissioner shall furnish any such recommendations to 39 the joint committee on education.

40

4.

The council recommendations shall:

(1) Advise the department of elementary and secondary
education on how to implement and maintain the statewide
literacy plan required under section 161.241 and advise the
department, school districts, and charter schools on ways to

45 inform and engage parents and other community members about 46 the literacy plan;

47 (2) Provide advice as to what services the department 48 should provide to school districts and charter schools to 49 support implementation of the plan and on staffing levels 50 and resources needed at the department to support the 51 statewide effort to improve literacy;

52 (3) Provide advice regarding the statewide plan for 53 collecting literacy-related data that informs:

54

(a) Literacy instructional practices;

(b) Teacher professional development in the field of
literacy;

57 (c) What proficiencies and skills should be measured 58 through literacy assessments and how those assessments are 59 incorporated into local assessment plans; and

60 (d) How to identify school progress in achieving
61 literacy outcomes, including closing literacy gaps for
62 students from historically underserved populations;

63 (4) Recommend best practices for tiered literacy
64 instruction within a multi-tiered system of supports to best
65 improve and sustain literacy proficiency;

66 (5) Review literacy assessments and outcomes and
67 provide ongoing advice as to how to continuously improve
68 those outcomes and sustain improvement; and

69 (6) Provide a means for members of the public to
 70 provide input and ask questions concerning literacy issues.

302.010. Except where otherwise provided, when used in 2 this chapter, the following words and phrases mean:

3

4 5 (1) "Circuit court", each circuit court in the state;(2) "Commercial motor vehicle", a motor vehicledesigned or regularly used for carrying freight and

6 merchandise, or more than fifteen passengers;

"Conviction", any final conviction; also a 7 (3) forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure a 8 9 defendant's appearance in court, which forfeiture has not been vacated, shall be equivalent to a conviction, except 10 11 that when any conviction as a result of which points are 12 assessed pursuant to section 302.302 is appealed, the term "conviction" means the original judgment of conviction for 13 14 the purpose of determining the assessment of points, and the 15 date of final judgment affirming the conviction shall be the 16 date determining the beginning of any license suspension or revocation pursuant to section 302.304; 17

"Criminal history check", a search of criminal 18 (4) records, including criminal history record information as 19 defined in section 43.500, maintained by the Missouri state 20 highway patrol in the Missouri criminal records repository 21 or by the Federal Bureau of Investigation as part of its 22 23 criminal history records, including, but not limited to, any record of conviction, plea of guilty or nolo contendre, or 24 finding of guilty in any state for any offense related to 25 alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs; 26

(5) "Director", the director of revenue acting
directly or through the director's authorized officers and
agents;

30 (6) "Farm tractor", every motor vehicle designed and
31 used primarily as a farm implement for drawing plows, mowing
32 machines and other implements of husbandry;

33 (7) "Highway", any public thoroughfare for vehicles,
34 including state roads, county roads and public streets,
35 avenues, boulevards, parkways, or alleys in any municipality;

36 (8) "Incompetent to drive a motor vehicle", a person
37 who has become physically incapable of meeting the
38 prescribed requirements of an examination for an operator's

39 license, or who has been adjudged by a probate division of 40 the circuit court in a capacity hearing of being 41 incapacitated;

42 (9) "License", a license issued by a state to a person43 which authorizes a person to operate a motor vehicle;

44 (10) "Motor vehicle", any self-propelled vehicle not
45 operated exclusively upon tracks except motorized bicycles,
46 as defined in section 307.180 and electric bicycles, as
47 defined in section 301.010;

48 (11) "Motorcycle", a motor vehicle operated on two 49 wheels; however, this definition shall not include motorized 50 bicycles or electric bicycles as such terms are defined in 51 section 301.010;

52 (12) "Motortricycle", a motor vehicle operated on 53 three wheels, including a motorcycle operated with any 54 conveyance, temporary or otherwise, requiring the use of a 55 third wheel, but excluding an electric bicycle as defined in 56 section 301.010;

57 (13) "Moving violation", that character of traffic 58 violation where at the time of violation the motor vehicle 59 involved is in motion, except that the term does not include 60 the driving of a motor vehicle without a valid motor vehicle 61 registration license, or violations of sections 304.170 to 62 304.240, inclusive, relating to sizes and weights of 63 vehicles;

64 (14) "Municipal court", every division of the circuit
65 court having original jurisdiction to try persons for
66 violations of city ordinances;

67 (15) "Nonresident", every person who is not a resident68 of this state;

69 (16) "Operator", every person who is in actual70 physical control of a motor vehicle upon a highway;

71 (17)"Owner", a person who holds the legal title of a 72 vehicle or in the event a vehicle is the subject of an agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof with the 73 74 right of purchase upon performance of the conditions stated 75 in the agreement and with an immediate right of possession 76 vested in the conditional vendee or lessee, or in the event a mortgagor of a vehicle is entitled to possession, then 77 78 such conditional vendee or lessee or mortgagor shall be 79 deemed the owner for the purpose of sections 302.010 to 80 302.540;

81 (18) "Record" includes, but is not limited to, papers,
82 documents, facsimile information, microphotographic process,
83 electronically generated or electronically recorded
84 information, digitized images, deposited or filed with the
85 department of revenue;

86 (19) "Residence address", "residence", or "resident 87 address" shall be the location at which a person has been 88 physically present, and that the person regards as home. A 89 residence address is a person's true, fixed, principal, and 90 permanent home, to which a person intends to return and 91 remain, even though currently residing elsewhere;

92 "Restricted driving privilege", a sixty-day (20)driving privilege issued by the director of revenue 93 94 following a suspension of driving privileges for the limited 95 purpose of driving in connection with the driver's business, occupation, employment, formal program of secondary, 96 postsecondary or higher education, or for an alcohol 97 education or treatment program or certified ignition 98 interlock provider, or a ninety-day interlock restricted 99 100 privilege issued by the director of revenue for the limited 101 purpose of driving in connection with the driver's business, 102 occupation, employment, seeking medical treatment for such

driver or a dependent family member, attending school or 103 104 other institution of higher education, attending alcohol- or 105 drug-treatment programs, seeking the required services of a certified ignition interlock provider, fulfilling court 106 obligations, including required appearances and probation 107 108 and parole obligations, religious services, the care of a child or children, including scheduled visitation or 109 110 custodial obligations pursuant to a court order, fueling 111 requirements for any vehicle utilized, and seeking basic 112 nutritional requirements;

"School bus", when used in sections 302.010 to 113 (21)302.540, means any motor vehicle, either publicly or 114 privately owned, that is designed for carrying more than ten 115 116 passengers and that is used to transport students to and 117 from school, or to transport pupils properly chaperoned to 118 and from any place within the state for educational 119 purposes. The term "school bus" shall not include a bus operated by a public utility, municipal corporation or 120 common carrier authorized to conduct local or interstate 121 transportation of passengers when such bus is not traveling 122 a specific school bus route but is: 123

124 (a) On a regularly scheduled route for the125 transportation of fare-paying passengers; or

(b) Furnishing charter service for the transportation
of persons enrolled as students on field trips or other
special trips or in connection with other special events;

(22) "School bus operator", an operator who operates a school bus as defined in subdivision (21) of this section in the transportation of any schoolchildren and who receives compensation for such service. The term "school bus operator" shall not include any person who transports schoolchildren as an incident to employment with a school or

135 school district, such as a teacher, coach, administrator, 136 secretary, school nurse, or janitor unless such person is 137 under contract with or employed by a school or school 138 district as a school bus operator;

(23) "Signature", any method determined by the director of revenue for the signing, subscribing or verifying of a record, report, application, driver's license, or other related document that shall have the same validity and consequences as the actual signing by the person providing the record, report, application, driver's license or related document;

"Substance abuse traffic offender program", a 146 (24)147 program certified by the division of alcohol and drug abuse 148 of the department of mental health to provide education or rehabilitation services pursuant to a professional 149 assessment screening to identify the individual needs of the 150 151 person who has been referred to the program as the result of an alcohol- or drug-related traffic offense. Successful 152 153 completion of such a program includes participation in any education or rehabilitation program required to meet the 154 needs identified in the assessment screening. The 155 assignment recommendations based upon such assessment shall 156 be subject to judicial review as provided in subsection 14 157 158 of section 302.304 and subsections 1 and 5 of section 159 302.540;

(25) "Vehicle", any mechanical device on wheels,
designed primarily for use, or used on highways, except
motorized bicycles, electric bicycles, vehicles propelled or
drawn by horses or human power, or vehicles used exclusively
on fixed rails or tracks, or cotton trailers or motorized
wheelchairs operated by handicapped persons.

304.060. 1. The state board of education shall adopt 2 and enforce regulations not inconsistent with law to cover 3 the design and operation of all school buses used for the transportation of school children when owned and operated by 4 any school district or privately owned and operated under 5 6 contract with any school district in this state, and such regulations shall by reference be made a part of any such 7 8 contract with a school district. School districts shall 9 have the authority to use motor vehicles other than school 10 buses for the purpose of transporting school children. The state board of education may adopt rules and regulations 11 governing the use of other vehicles owned by a district or 12 13 operated under contract with any school district in this state and used for the purpose of transporting school 14 15 children[. The operator of such vehicle shall be licensed 16 in accordance with section 302.272, and such vehicle], 17 excluding motor vehicles operating under the authority of the department of revenue under sections 387.400 to 18 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the 19 387.440. 20 state board of education shall not require an individual who uses a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight that is 21 22 less than or equal to twelve thousand pounds for the purpose 23 of providing student transportation services in a vehicle 24 other than a school bus to obtain any license other than a class F license, as described in 12 CSR 10-24.200(6). Motor 25 vehicles other than school buses used shall transport no 26 27 more children than the manufacturer suggests as appropriate for such vehicle and meet any additional requirements of the 28 school district. The state board of education may also 29 adopt rules and regulations governing the use of authorized 30 common carriers for the transportation of students on field 31 trips or other special trips for educational purposes. 32

33 Every school district, its officers and employees, and every 34 person employed under contract by a school district shall be 35 subject to such regulations. The state board of education 36 shall cooperate with the state transportation department and 37 the state highway patrol in placing suitable warning signs 38 at intervals on the highways of the state.

Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of 39 2. 40 this section, any school board in the state of Missouri in an urban district containing the greater part of the 41 42 population of a city which has more than three hundred thousand inhabitants may contract with any municipality, bi-43 state agency, or other governmental entity for the purpose 44 of transporting school children attending a grade or grades 45 not lower than the ninth nor higher than the twelfth grade, 46 provided that such contract shall be for additional 47 transportation services, and shall not replace or fulfill 48 49 any of the school district's obligations pursuant to section 167.231. The school district may notify students of the 50 option to use district-contracted transportation services. 51

3. Any officer or employee of any school district who 52 violates any of the regulations or fails to include 53 54 obligation to comply with such regulations in any contract executed by him on behalf of a school district shall be 55 56 guilty of misconduct and subject to removal from office or 57 employment. Any person operating a school bus under contract with a school district who fails to comply with any 58 such regulations shall be guilty of breach of contract and 59 such contract shall be cancelled after notice and hearing by 60 the responsible officers of such school district. 61

62 4. Any other provision of the law to the contrary63 notwithstanding, in any county of the first class with a

charter form of government adjoining a city not within a 64 county, school buses may bear the word "special". 65 Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to provide for the safety and education of school children, the 2 enactment of sections 167.625 and 168.036 of this act is 3 4 deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby 5 6 declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the 7 constitution, and the enactment of sections 167.625 and 168.036 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon 8 its passage and approval. 9

Section C. The repeal and reenactment of section 2 167.645 of this act shall become effective January 1, 2023.

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